

ETSI EN 301 489-50 V2.2.1 (2019-04)



HARMONISED EUROPEAN STANDARD

**ElectroMagnetic Compatibility (EMC)
standard for radio equipment and services;
Part 50: Specific conditions for Cellular Communication
Base Station (BS), repeater and ancillary equipment;
Harmonised Standard covering the essential requirements
of article 3.1(b) of Directive 2014/53/EU**

Reference

REN/ERM-EMC-379

Keywords

EMC, GSM, harmonised standard, LTE, MSR, OFDMA, WCDMA, WMAN

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Foreword

This Harmonised European Standard (EN) has been produced by ETSI Technical Committee Electromagnetic compatibility and Radio spectrum Matters (ERM).

The present document has been prepared under the Commission's standardisation request C(2015) 5376 final [i.15] to provide one voluntary means of conforming to the essential requirements of Directive 2014/53/EU on the harmonisation of the laws of the Member States relating to the making available on the market of radio equipment and repealing Directive 1999/5/EC [i.1].

Once the present document is cited in the Official Journal of the European Union under that Directive, compliance with the normative clauses of the present document given in table A.1 confers, within the limits of the scope of the present document, a presumption of conformity with the corresponding essential requirements of that Directive, and associated EFTA regulations.

The present document has been produced to rationalize the current ETSI EN 301 489 series [i.9] of EMC standards by collating the EMC requirements for Digital Cellular Communication Base Station (BS), repeater and ancillary Equipment into a single standard, there are no technical changes to product EMC Test requirements. The present document has been produced to replace ETSI EN 301 489-8 [i.9] (GSM/EDGE), ETSI EN 301 489-23 [i.9] (WCDMA and LTE, UTRA/E-UTRA), ETSI EN 301 489-26 [i.9] CDMA, 2000 1x and those parts of ETSI EN 301 489-4 [i.9] which pertain to OFDMA WMAN BS and to incorporate MSR and OFDMA WMAN.

The present document is part 50 of a multi-part deliverable. Full details of the entire series can be found in part 1 [1].

National transposition dates	
Date of adoption of this EN:	12 June 2017
Date of latest announcement of this EN (doa):	31 July 2019
Date of latest publication of new National Standard or endorsement of this EN (dop/e):	31 January 2020
Date of withdrawal of any conflicting National Standard (dow):	31 January 2021

Modal verbs terminology

In the present document "**shall**", "**shall not**", "**should**", "**should not**", "**may**", "**need not**", "**will**", "**will not**", "**can**" and "**cannot**" are to be interpreted as described in clause 3.2 of the [ETSI Drafting Rules](#) (Verbal forms for the expression of provisions).

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1 Scope

The present document specifies technical characteristics and methods of measurements for equipment the following equipment types:

- 1) digital cellular base station equipment;
- 2) repeaters;
- 3) associated ancillary equipment.

Including individually and combinations of:

- UTRA, WCDMA (IMT-2000 Direct Spread, W-CDMA, UMTS);
- E-UTRA, LTE (IMT-2000 and IMT advanced);
- GSM (IMT-2000 SC, Technology GSM/EDGE);
- MSR (IMT-2000 and IMT advanced, combination of technologies above);
- OFDMA WMAN (IMT-2000 OFDMA, OFDMA WMAN);
- CDMA (CDMA2000 - IMT MC, CDMA2000 1X).

Technical specifications related to the antenna port and emissions from the enclosure port of radio equipment (base station (BS), and repeaters) are not included in the present document. Such technical specifications are found in the relevant product standards for the effective use of the radio spectrum.

Examples of base station equipment covered by the present document are given in annex ~~AB~~.

In case of differences (for instance concerning special conditions, definitions, abbreviations) between the present document and ETSI EN 301 489-1 [1], the provisions of the present document take precedence.

~~The environmental classification and the emission and immunity requirements used in the present document are as stated in ETSI EN 301 489-1 [1], except for any special conditions included in the present document.~~

The present document covers the essential requirements of article 3.1(b) of Directive 2014/53/EU under the conditions identified in annex A.

Technical specifications related to the antenna port of radio equipment and radiated emissions from the enclosure port of radio equipment and combinations of radio and associated ancillary equipment are given in the harmonised product standards ETSI EN 301 908-1 [28] or ETSI EN 301 502 [8] for the effective and efficient use of the radio spectrum.

2 References

2.1 Normative references

References are specific, identified by date of publication and/or edition number or version number. Only the cited version applies.

Referenced documents which are not found to be publicly available in the expected location might be found at <http://docbox.etsi.org/Reference>.

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The following referenced documents are necessary for the application of the present document.

- [1] ETSI EN 301 489-1 (V2.1.1) (~~022.0~~) (03-2017): "ElectroMagnetic Compatibility (EMC) standard for radio equipment and services; Part 1: Common technical requirements; Harmonised Standard covering the essential requirements of article_3.1(b) of the Directive 2014/53/EU and the essential requirements of article 6 of the Directive 2014/30/EU".

- [2] ETSI TS 125 141 (V12.6.0) (01-2015): "Universal Mobile Telecommunications System (UMTS); Base Station (BS) conformance testing (FDD) (3GPP TS 25.141 version 12.6.0 Release 12)".
- [3] ETSI TS 125 142 (V12.1.0) (01-2015): "Universal Mobile Telecommunications System (UMTS); Base Station (BS) conformance testing (TDD) (3GPP TS 25.142 version 12.1.0 Release 12)".
- [4] ETSI TS 125 143 (V12.1.0) (01-2015): "Universal Mobile Telecommunications System (UMTS); UTRA repeater conformance testing (3GPP TS 25.143 version 12.1.0 Release 12)".
- [5] ETSI TS 136 104 (V12.8.0) (07-2015): "LTE; Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access (E-UTRA); Base Station (BS) radio transmission and reception (3GPP TS 36.104 version 12.8.0 Release 12)".
- [6] ETSI TS 136 141 (V12.8.0) (07-2015): "LTE; Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access (E-UTRA); Base Station (BS) conformance testing (3GPP TS 36.141 version 12.8.0 Release 12)".
- [7] ETSI TS 145 008 (V12.4.0) (01-2015): "Digital cellular telecommunications system (Phase 2+); Radio subsystem link control (3GPP TS 45.008 version 12.4.0 Release 12)".
- [8] ETSI EN 301 502 (V12.5.1) (07-2016): "Global System for Mobile communications (GSM); Base Station (BS) equipment; Harmonised Standard covering the essential requirements of article 3.2 of the Directive 2014/53/EU".
- [9] ETSI TS 151 021 (V12.3.0) (01-2015): "Digital cellular telecommunications system (Phase 2+); Base Station System (BSS) equipment specification; Radio aspects (3GPP TS 51.021 version 12.3.0 Release 12)".
- [10] Void.
- [11] ~~ETSI TS 137 104 (V12.8.0) (07-2015): "Digital cellular telecommunications system (Phase 2+); Universal Mobile Telecommunications System (UMTS); LTE; E-UTRA, UTRA and GSM/EDGE; Multi-Standard Radio (MSR) Base Station (BS) radio transmission and reception (3GPP TS 37.104 version 12.8.0 Release 12)".~~
- l ~~Void.~~
- [12] ETSI TS 137 141 (V12.8.0) (07-2015): "Digital cellular telecommunications system (Phase 2+); Universal Mobile Telecommunications System (UMTS); LTE; E-UTRA, UTRA and GSM/EDGE; Multi-Standard Radio (MSR) Base Station (BS) conformance testing (3GPP TS 37.141 version 12.8.0 Release 12)".
- [13] ~~ETSI EN 301 908-5 (V5.2.1) (09-2011): "IMT cellular networks; Harmonized EN covering the essential requirements of article 3.2 of the R&TTE Directive; Part 5: CDMA Multi-Carrier (cdma2000) Base Stations (BS)".~~
- l ~~Void.~~
- [14] ~~ETSI EN 301 908-7 (V4.2.1) (03-2010): "Electromagnetic compatibility and Radio spectrum Matters (ERM); Base Stations (BS), Repeaters and User Equipment (UE) for IMT 2000 Third-Generation cellular networks; Part 7: Harmonized EN for IMT 2000, CDMA TDD (UTRA TDD and E-UTRA TDD) (BS) covering the essential requirements of article 3.2 of the R&TTE Directive".~~
- l ~~Void.~~
- [15] ETSI EN 301 908-20 (V6.3.1) (05-2016): "IMT cellular networks; Harmonised Standard covering the essential requirements of article 3.2 of the Directive 2014/53/EU; Part 20: OFDMA TDD WMAN (Mobile WiMAX™) TDD Base Stations (BS)".
- [16] ETSI EN 301 908-22 (V6.1.1) (07-2016): "IMT cellular networks; Harmonised Standard covering the essential requirements of article 3.2 of the Directive 2014/53/EU; Part 22: OFDMA TDD WMAN (Mobile WiMAX™) FDD Base Stations (BS)".
- [17] ~~ETSI EN 302 544-1 (V1.1.2) (01-2010): "Broadband Data Transmission Systems operating in the 2-500 MHz to 2-690 MHz frequency band; Part 1: TDD Base Stations; Harmonized EN covering the essential requirements of article 3.2 of the R&TTE Directive".~~

_____ Void.

[18] TIA-97 (2014): "Recommended Minimum Performance Standard for cdma2000 Spread Spectrum Base Stations".

[19] TIA-2000 Series, Revision F: "Introduction to CDMA2000 spread spectrum systems **Includes TIA-2000.1 (2013), TIA-2000.2 (2014), TIA-2000.3 (2014), TIA-2000.4 (2014), and TIA-2000.5 (2014)**".

[20] ~~ETSI EN 301 449 (V1.1.1) (07-2006): "Electromagnetic compatibility and Radio spectrum Matters (ERM); Harmonized EN for CDMA spread spectrum base stations operating in the 450 MHz cellular band (CDMA 450) and 410, 450 and 870 MHz PAMR bands (CDMA PAMR) covering essential requirements of article 3.2 of the R&TTE Directive".~~

_____ Void.

[21] ~~ETSI EN 302 426 (V1.1.1) (09-2006): "Electromagnetic compatibility and Radio spectrum Matters (ERM); Harmonized EN for CDMA spread spectrum Repeaters operating in the 450 MHz cellular band (CDMA450) and the 410 MHz, 450 MHz and 870 MHz PAMR bands (CDMA-PAMR) covering essential requirements of article 3.2 of the R&TTE Directive".~~

_____ Void.

[22] ETSI TS 125 101 (V12.8.0) (07-2015): "Universal Mobile Telecommunications System (UMTS); User Equipment (UE) radio transmission and reception (FDD) (3GPP TS 25.101 version 12.8.0 Release 12)".

[23] ETSI TS 125 102 (V12.0.0) (10-2014): "Universal Mobile Telecommunications System (UMTS); User Equipment (UE) radio transmission and reception (TDD) (3GPP TS 25.102 version 12.0.0 Release 12)".

[24] ETSI TS 136 101 (V12.8.0) (09-2015): "LTE; Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access (E-UTRA); User Equipment (UE) radio transmission and reception (3GPP TS 36.101 version_12.8.0 Release 12)".

[25] ETSI TS 136 143 (V12.1.0) (02-2015): "LTE; Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access (E-UTRA); FDD repeater conformance testing (3GPP TS 36.143 version 12.1.0 Release 12)".

[26] ETSI TS 151 010-1 (V12.4.0) (06-2015): "Digital cellular telecommunications system (Phase 2+); Mobile Station (MS) conformance specification; Part 1: Conformance specification (3GPP-TS-51.010-1 version 12.4.0 Release 12)".

[27] ETSI TS 137 113 (V12.3.0) (02-2015): "Digital cellular telecommunications system (Phase 2+); Universal Mobile Telecommunications System (UMTS); LTE; E-UTRA, UTRA and GSM/EDGE; Multi-Standard Radio (MSR) Base Station (BS) Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC) (3GPP-TS 37.113 version 12.3.0 Release 12)".

[28] ETSI EN 301 908-1 (V11.1.1) (07-2016): "IMT cellular networks; Harmonised Standard covering the essential requirements of article 3.2 of the Directive 2014/53/EU; Part 1: Introduction and common requirements".

2.2 Informative references

References are either specific (identified by date of publication and/or edition number or version number) or non-specific. For specific references, only the cited version applies. For non-specific references, the latest version of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

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- [i.1] Directive 2014/53/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 April 2014 on the harmonisation of the laws of the Member States relating to the making available on the market of radio equipment and repealing Directive 1999/5/EC.
- ~~[i.2] Void.~~
- ~~1 ETSI TS 137 104 (V12.8.0) (07-2015): "Digital cellular telecommunications system (Phase 2+); Universal Mobile Telecommunications System (UMTS); LTE; E-UTRA, UTRA and GSM/EDGE; Multi-Standard Radio (MSR) Base Station (BS) radio transmission and reception (3GPP TS 37.104 version 12.8.0 Release 12)".~~
- [i.3] ETSI TS 125 104: "Universal Mobile Telecommunications System (UMTS); Base Station (BS) radio transmission and reception (FDD) (3GPP TS 25.104)".
- [i.4] ETSI TS 125 105: "Universal Mobile Telecommunications System (UMTS); Base Station (BS) radio transmission and reception (TDD) (3GPP TS 25.105)".
- [i.5] ETSI TS 125 106: "Universal Mobile Telecommunications System (UMTS); UTRA repeater radio transmission and reception (3GPP TS 25.106)".
- [i.6] ETSI TS 136 106: "LTE; Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access (E-UTRA); FDD repeater radio transmission and reception (3GPP TS 36.106)".
- ~~[i.7] Void.~~
- ~~1 ETSI EN 301 908-5 (V5.2.1) (09-2011): "IMT cellular networks; Harmonized EN covering the essential requirements of article 3.2 of the R&TTE Directive; Part 5: CDMA Multi-Carrier (cdma2000) Base Stations (BS)".~~
- ~~[i.8] Void.~~
- ~~1 ETSI EN 301 908-7 (V4.2.1) (03-2010): "Electromagnetic compatibility and Radio spectrum Matters (ERM); Base Stations (BS), Repeaters and User Equipment (UE) for IMT-2000 Third-Generation cellular networks; Part 7: Harmonized EN for IMT-2000, CDMA TDD (UTRA TDD and E-UTRA TDD) (BS) covering the essential requirements of article 3.2 of the R&TTE Directive".~~
- [i.9] ETSI EN 301 489 (all parts): "ElectroMagnetic Compatibility (EMC) standard for radio equipment and services".
- ~~[i.10] Void.~~
- ~~1 ETSI EN 302 544-1 (V1.1.2) (01-2010): "Broadband Data Transmission Systems operating in the 2 500 MHz to 2 690 MHz frequency band; Part 1: TDD Base Stations; Harmonized EN covering the essential requirements of article 3.2 of the R&TTE Directive".~~
- ~~[i.11] Void.~~
- ~~1 ETSI EN 301 449 (V1.1.1) (07-2006): "Electromagnetic compatibility and Radio spectrum Matters (ERM); Harmonized EN for CDMA spread spectrum base stations operating in the 450 MHz cellular band (CDMA 450) and 410, 450 and 870 MHz PAMR bands (CDMA-PAMR) covering essential requirements of article 3.2 of the R&TTE Directive".~~
- ~~[i.12] Void.~~
- ~~1 ETSI EN 302 426 (V1.1.1) (09-2006): "Electromagnetic compatibility and Radio spectrum Matters (ERM); Harmonized EN for CDMA spread spectrum Repeaters operating in the 450 MHz cellular band (CDMA450) and the 410 MHz, 450 MHz and 870 MHz PAMR bands (CDMA-PAMR) covering essential requirements of article 3.2 of the R&TTE Directive".~~
- [i.13] Void.
- [i.14] Recommendation ITU-R SM.329-12: "Unwanted emissions in the spurious domain".

[i.15] Commission Implementing Decision C(2015) 5376 final of 4.8.2015 on a standardisation request to the European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardisation and to the European Telecommunications Standards Institute as regards radio equipment in support of Directive 2014/53/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council.

3 Definitions and abbreviations

3.1 Definitions

For the purposes of the present document, the terms and definitions given in ETSI EN 301 489-1 [1] and the following apply:

abis interface: logical interface between a BTS and a BSC

bearer: information transmission path of defined characteristics for transfer of user data or predefined test data

CDMA 1x Spread Spectrum: wireless air interface standard for spread-spectrum technology with a spreading rate 1

CDMA-PAMR: Public Access Mobile Radio system based on TIA-2000 [19] Spreading Rate 1 specifications

channel bandwidth: RF bandwidth supporting a single E-UTRA RF carrier with the transmission bandwidth configured in the uplink or downlink of a cell

NOTE: The channel bandwidth is measured in MHz and is used as a reference for transmitter and receiver RF requirements.

forward CDMA channel: CDMA channel from a base station to mobile stations

NOTE: The forward CDMA channel contains one or more code channels that are transmitted on a CDMA frequency assignment using a particular pilot PN offset.

International Mobile Telecommunications-2000 (IMT-2000): third generation mobile systems which provide access, by means of one or more radio links, to a wide range of telecommunications services supported by the fixed telecommunication networks (e.g. PSTN, ISDN or IP), and to other services which are specific to mobile users

maximum throughput: maximum achievable throughput for a reference measurement channel

MB Base Station: Multi-Band Base Station characterized by the ability of its transmitter and/or receiver to process two or more carriers in common active RF components simultaneously, where at least one carrier is configured at a different non-overlapping operating band than the other carrier(s)

MSR Base Station: Base Station characterized by the ability of its receiver and transmitter to process two or more carriers in common active RF components simultaneously in a declared RF bandwidth, where at least one carrier is of a different RAT than the other carrier(s)

necessary bandwidth: As defined in Recommendation ITU-R SM.329-12 [i.14], clause 1.4.

Radio Configuration (RC): set of Forward Traffic Channel and Reverse Traffic Channel transmission formats that are characterized by physical layer parameters such as transmission rates, modulation characteristics, and spreading rate

radio digital unit: equipment which contains base band and functionality for controlling Radio unit

NOTE: See figures 1a and 1b.

radio equipment: equipment which contains Radio digital unit and Radio unit

NOTE: See figures 1a and 1b.

radio unit: equipment which contains transmitter and receiver

NOTE: See figures 1a and 1b.

repeater: device with two RF ports, both of which are intended to be connected to antennas, which is capable of receiving, amplifying and transmitting simultaneously in one direction a signal in a BSS transmit band and in the other direction a signal in the corresponding BSS receive band

reverse CDMA channel: CDMA channel from the mobile station to the base station

NOTE: From the base station's perspective, the Reverse CDMA Channel is the sum of all mobile station transmissions on a CDMA frequency assignment.

RXQUAL: measure of the received signal quality, which is generated by the base station for use as a criterion in the RF power control and handover processes

NOTE: The characteristics and requirements are specified in ETSI TS 145 008 [7], clause 8.2.

throughput: number of payload bits successfully received per second for a reference measurement channel in a specified reference condition

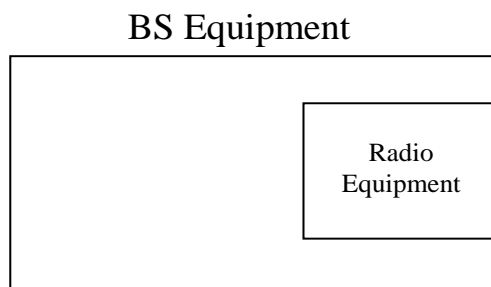


Figure 1a: BS with single enclosure solution

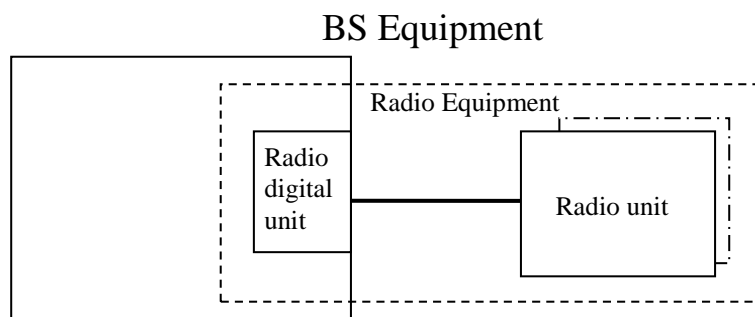


Figure 1b: BS with multiple enclosure solution

3.2 Abbreviations

For the purposes of the present document, the following abbreviations apply:

AC	Alternating Current
ARFCN	Absolute Radio Frequency Channel Number
BER	Bit Error Ratio
BLER	Block Error Ratio
BS	Base Station
BSC	Base Station Controller
BSS	Base Station System
BTS	Base Transceiver Station
BW_{Channel}	Channel bandwidth
CDMA	Code Division Multiple Access
CNC	Contiguous and Non-Contiguous operation
CRC	Cyclic Redundancy Check
CS	Capability Set
DC	Direct Current
DCS	Digital Cellular System
EARFCN	E-UTRA Absolute Radio Frequency Channel Number
EMC	ElectroMagnetic Compatibility
EPC	Evolved Packet Core
EUT	Equipment Under Test

E-UTRA	Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access
FDD	Frequency Division Duplex
FER	Frame Error Rate
FRC	Fixed Reference Channel
GSM	Global System for Mobile communication
HW	HardWare
IF	Intermediate Frequency
IMT	International Mobile Telecommunications
IMT-2000	International Mobile Telecommunications 2000
IP	Internet Protocol
ISDN	Integrated Services Digital Network
Iub	Interface between RNC and BS
LTE	Long Term Evolution
MB	Multi-Band
MC	Multi-Carrier
MSR	Multi Standard Radio
NC	Non-Contiguous operation
OFDMA	Orthogonal Frequency-Division Multiple Access
PAMR	Public Access Mobile Radio
PN	Pseudorandom Number
PSTN	Public Switched Telephone Network
RAT	Radio Access Technology
RC	Radio Configuration
RF	Radio Frequency
RNC	Radio Network Controller
RXQUAL	Received Signal Quality
SC	Single Carrier
TCH	Traffic Channel
TCH/FS	Full rate Speech TCH
TCx	Test Configurations
TDD	Time Division Duplex
UARFCN	UTRA Absolute Radio Frequency Channel Number
UMTS	Universal Mobile Telecommunications System
UTRA	Universal Terrestrial Radio Access
WCDMA	Wide Code Division Multiple Access
WMAN	Wireless Metropolitan Area Network

4 Test conditions

4.1 General

For the purpose of the present document, the test conditions of ETSI EN 301 489-1 [1], clause 4, shall apply as appropriate. Further product related test conditions for base station equipment are specified in the present document.

The equipment shall be tested in the normal test environment defined in the appropriate conformance testing specification as specified below:

Base station:

- UTRA (FDD) base station ETSI TS 125 141 [2];
- UTRA (TDD) base station ETSI TS 125 142 [3];
- E-UTRA base station ETSI TS 136 141 [6];
- GSM/EDGE base station ETSI EN 301 502 [8];
- MSR base station ETSI TS 137 141 [12];
- OFDMA WMAN TDD base station ETSI EN 301 908-20 [15];
- OFDMA WMAN FDD base station ETSI EN 301 908-22 [16];

- CDMA Multi-Carrier base station TIA-97 [18].

Repeater:

- UTRA repeater conformance testing specification ETSI TS 125 143 [4];
- E-UTRA repeater conformance testing specification ETSI TS 136 143 [25].

The test conditions shall be recorded in the test report.

For emission and immunity tests the test arrangements, etc., as specified in the present document, clauses 4.2 to 4.6, shall apply.

For EUT which contains more than one BS, it is sufficient to perform tests relating to connectors of each representative type of port forming part of the EUT. For an MSR BS or other BS supporting more than one RAT, tests shall be performed relating to each port, but need not be repeated for each RAT that use the same port unless the test configuration in clause 4.6 in the present document calls for multi-RAT test configuration. For other BS supporting more than one RAT however (other than MSR BS), tests relating to the antenna port(s) shall always be performed for each supported RAT.

4.2 Arrangements for test signals

4.2.0 General

The provisions of ETSI EN 301 489-1 [1], clause 4.2 shall apply, with the following modifications.

UTRA/E-UTRA/GSM-EDGE/MSR

The wanted RF signal nominal frequency shall be selected by setting the channel number according to the following:

- The Absolute Radio Frequency Channel Number (EARFCN) for E-UTRA carrier.
- The Absolute Radio Frequency Channel Number (UARFCN) for UTRA carrier.
- The Absolute Radio Frequency Channel Number (ARFCN) for GSM/EDGE carrier.

CDMA - Set the CDMA channel to an appropriate number.

Mobile OFDMA WMAN - The wanted signal(s) shall be (a) representative baseband input signal(s) corresponding to normal operation.

A communication link shall be set up with a suitable test system capable of evaluating the required performance criteria (hereafter called "the test system") at the radio interface and telecommunication port/ports (e.g. the S1/Iub/Abis interface).

The test system shall be located outside of the test environment.

When the EUT is required to be in the transmit/receive mode, the following conditions shall be met:

- The EUT shall be commanded to operate at maximum rated transmit power.
- Adequate measures shall be taken to avoid the effect of the unwanted signal on the measuring equipment.
- The wanted RF input signal level shall be set to a level where the performance is not limited by the receiver noise floor or strong signal effects:
 - For E-UTRA, the wanted signal can be set e.g. 15 dB above the reference sensitivity level as defined in ETSI TS 136 141 [6], clause 7.2 to provide a stable communication link.
 - For UTRA FDD and TDD, the wanted signal can be set e.g. 15 dB above the reference sensitivity level as defined in ETSI TS 125 141 [2], clause 7.2 or ETSI TS 125 142 [3], clause 7.2 respectively, to provide a stable communication link.
 - For GSM/EDGE the wanted receiver input signal level shall be set to a nominal value of -47 dBm.

OFDMA WMAN

The input signal level shall be at a nominal value of 15 dB above the receiver input level for a Bit Error Ratio (BER) of 1×10^{-5} .

CDMA

A communication link shall be set up with a suitable mobile station simulator (hereafter called "the test system") according to the Radio Configuration (RC) supported by the base station (see clause 1.3 in TIA-97 [18] using full data rate only).

4.2.1 Multiple enclosure BS solution

For a BS with multiple enclosures, the BS part with Radio digital unit and the Radio unit may be tested separately. Communication link shall be set up in the same way as if they are in single BS enclosure. The Radio Digital unit and the Radio unit shall communicate over an interface enabling establishment of a communication link.

4.2.2 Arrangements for test signals at the input of transmitters

The provisions of ETSI EN 301 489-1 [1], clause 4.2.1 shall apply.

4.2.3 Arrangements for test signals at the output of transmitters

The provisions of ETSI EN 301 489-1 [1], clause 4.2.2 shall apply.

4.2.4 Arrangements for test signals at the input of receivers

The provisions of ETSI EN 301 489-1 [1], clause 4.2.3 shall apply with the following modification.

To provide a stable communication link, the wanted input signal level shall be set to a level of 15 dB above the reference sensitivity level as defined in:

- UTRA TS 125 141 [2], clause 7.2 (for FDD), ETSI TS 125 142 [3], clause 7.2 (for TDD);
- E-UTRA ETSI TS 136 141 [6], clause 7.2;
- OFDMA WMAN for a Bit Error Ratio (BER) of 1×10^{-5} ;
- CDMA TIA-97 [18].

GSM/EDGE

The source of the wanted RF input signal shall be at a nominal value of -47 dBm.

CDMA

For immunity testing the wanted RF signal level at the input of the EUT shall be set to no more than 40 dB above the reference sensitivity level as defined in TIA-97 [18], clause 3.4.1.

4.2.5 Arrangements for test signals at the output of receivers

The provisions of ETSI EN 301 489-1 [1], clause 4.2.4 shall apply.

4.2.6 Arrangements for test signals for repeaters

For immunity tests of repeaters, the wanted RF input signal shall be coupled to one antenna port at a level which will result, when measured, in the maximum rated RF output power per channel, as declared by the manufacturer. The test shall either be repeated with a wanted signal coupled to the other antenna port, or a single test shall be performed with the specified input signals being simultaneously coupled to both antenna ports.

4.3 Exclusion bands

4.3.1 Transmitter exclusion band

UTRA, E-UTRA, GSM/Edge, CDMA, Mobile OFDMA WMAN and MSR - for testing of radiated immunity there shall be no transmitter exclusion band.

4.3.2 Receiver exclusion band

The BSS receiver exclusion band is the band of frequencies over which no tests of radiated immunity of a receiver are made.

Extends from the lower frequency of the Base Station receive band minus 20 MHz to the upper frequency of the Base Station receive band plus 20 MHz.

NOTE: The value of 20 MHz above is derived using the formula in clause 4.3.3.1 of ETSI EN 301 489-1 [1] where the value of n is one.

For BS capable of multi-band operation, the total receiver exclusion band shall be the combination of the exclusion bands for each operating band supported by the BS.

The exclusion bands for the E- UTRA, UTRA, GSM/EDGE and MSR paired and unpaired can be calculated using the operating bands are as set out in tables 4.4-2 and 4.4-3 in ETSI TS 137 113 [27].

4.4 Narrow band responses of receivers

Responses on receivers or duplex transceivers occurring during the immunity test at discrete frequencies which are narrow band responses - spurious responses, are identified by the following method:

- If during an immunity test the quantity being monitored goes outside the specified tolerances (clause 6 in the present document), it is necessary to establish whether the deviation is due to a narrow band response or to a wide band (EMC) phenomenon. Therefore, the test shall be repeated with the unwanted signal frequency first increased, and then decreased by an offset f_{offset} , where:
 - For UTRA, $f_{\text{offset}} = 10 \text{ MHz}$.
 - For E-UTRA, $f_{\text{offset}} = 2 \times BW_{\text{Channel}}$, where BW_{Channel} is the channel bandwidth as defined in ETSI TS 136 104 [5], clause 5.6.
 - For GSM/EDGE, $f_{\text{offset}} = 400 \text{ kHz}$.
 - For CDMA, $f_{\text{offset}} = 10 \text{ MHz}$, $f_{\text{offset}} = 12,5 \text{ MHz}$.
 - For OFDMA WMAN, $f_{\text{offset}} = 2 \times BW_{\text{Channel}}$, where BW_{Channel} is the channel bandwidth.
- If the deviation disappears in either or both of the above offset cases, then the response is considered as a narrow band response.
- If the deviation does not disappear, this may be due to the fact that the offset has made the frequency of the unwanted signal correspond to the frequency of another narrow band response. Under these circumstances, the procedure is repeated with the increase and decrease of the frequency of the unwanted signal set to $1,25 \times f_{\text{offset}}$.
- If the deviation does not disappear with the increased and/or decreased frequency, the phenomenon is considered wide band and therefore an EMC problem and the equipment fails the test.

Narrow band responses are disregarded.

For an MSR BS or other BS supporting more than one RAT, the method above shall be applied for each RAT supported. For BS capable of multi-band operation, all supported operating bands shall be considered for narrow band responses.

4.5 Normal test modulation

A communication link shall be set up with suitable base station system test equipment.

UTRA

The normal test modulation should be a bearer with the characteristics of data rate shown in table 1.

If the test is not performed using one of these bearers, (for example none of them are supported by the BS), the characteristics of the bearer used shall be declared by the manufacturer and recorded in the test report.

Table 1: Bearer information data rate

Bearer Information Data Rate
12,2 kbit/s
64 kbit/s
144 kbit/s
384 kbit/s

E-UTRA

The normal test modulation should be a bearer with the characteristics of data rate shown in table 2.

If the test is not performed using one of these bearers, (for example none of them are supported by the BS), the characteristics of the bearer used shall be declared by the manufacturer and recorded in the test report.

Table 2: Bearer information data rate

E-UTRA Channel Bandwidth [MHz]	Bearer Information Data Rate
1,4	FRC A1-1 in clause A.1 in ETSI TS 136 104 [5]
3	FRC A1-2 in clause A.1 in ETSI TS 136 104 [5]
5	FRC A1-3 in clause A.1 in ETSI TS 136 104 [5]
10	FRC A1-3 in clause A.1 in ETSI TS 136 104 [5] (see note)
15	FRC A1-3 in clause A.1 in ETSI TS 136 104 [5] (see note)
20	FRC A1-3 in clause A.1 in ETSI TS 136 104 [5] (see note)
NOTE:	This is the information data rate of a single instance of the bearer mapped to 25 resource blocks. The performance criteria shall be met for each consecutive application of a single instance of the bearer mapped to disjoint frequency ranges with a width of 25 resource blocks each.

GSM/EDGE

The normal test modulation shall be delivered by a suitable mobile station or base station system test equipment (BSSTE).

OFDMA WMAN

A representative modulated RF signal corresponding to normal operation.

CDMA

A communication link shall be set up with suitable base station system test equipment. The normal test modulation should be setup according to the Radio Configuration (RC) supported by the base station under test using full data rate only (see clause 1.3 in TIA-97 [18]).

4.6 Test configurations for MSR, MC and MB

The present clause defines the test configurations for MSR, multi-carrier and multi-band Base Stations that shall be used for demonstrating conformance.

This is specified in table 3a for multi-RAT capable MSR Base Stations and in table 3b for single-RAT capable BS and in table 3c for multi-band capable BS. For other BS supporting more than one RAT (other than MSR BS), table 3b applies separately for each RAT supported.

The Test configurations apply according to the declared RAT Capability Set (CS) of the MSR Base Station according to clause 4.7 of ETSI TS 137 141 [12] and the Band Category of the declared operating band (BC1, BC2 or BC3), as listed in the heading of each table.

For BS declared to be capable of contiguous operation only, the test configuration(s) in tables 3a and 3b denoted by a "C" shall be used for testing.

For BS declared to be capable of contiguous and non-contiguous operation and where the parameters in the manufacturer's declaration according to clause 4.7.2 of ETSI TS 137 141 [12] **are identical** for contiguous and non-contiguous operation, the test configurations denoted by "CNC" shall be used.

For BS declared to be capable of contiguous and non-contiguous operation and where the parameters in the manufacturer's declaration according to clause 4.7.2 of ETSI TS 137 141 [12] **are not identical** for contiguous and non-contiguous operation, the test configurations denoted by "C/NC" shall be used for testing.

The test configurations (TCx) are defined in ETSI TS 137 141 [12], clause 4.8.

Table 3a: Test configurations for single-band Multi-RAT capable MSR BS

Capability Set	UTRA + E-UTRA (CS 3)			GSM + UTRA (CS 4)	GSM + E-UTRA (CS 5)	GSM + UTRA + E-UTRA (CS 6)
BS test case	BC1	BC2	BC3	BC2	BC2	BC2
Emission tests	C: TC3a CNC: NTC3a C/NC: TC3a and NTC3a	C: TC3a CNC: NTC3a C/NC: TC3a and NTC3a	C: TC3b	C: TC4a CNC: NTC4a C/NC: TC4a and NTC4a	C: TC4b CNC: NTC4b C/NC: TC4b and NTC4b	C: TC4c CNC: NTC4c C/NC: TC4c and NTC4c
Immunity tests (see note)	TC3a	TC3a	TC3b	TC4a	TC4b	TC4c
NOTE:	The test configuration identified for immunity tests are intended for transmitter tests in ETSI TS 137 141 [12], clause 4.8, but are here applied both for BS transmitter and receiver.					

Table 3b: Test configurations for single-band Single-RAT capable BS

Capability Set	UTRA (MC) capable BS (CS1)			E-UTRA (MC) capable BS (CS2)		
BS test case	BC1	BC2	BC3	BC1	BC2	BC3
Emission tests	C: TC1a CNC: NTC1a C/NC: TC1a and NTC1a	C: TC1a CNC: NTC1a C/NC: TC1a and NTC1a	C: TC1b	C: TC2 CNC: NTC2 C/NC: TC2 and NTC2	C: TC2 CNC: NTC2 C/NC: TC2 and NTC2	C: TC2 CNC: NTC2 C/NC: TC2 and NTC2
Immunity tests (see note)	TC1a	TC1a	TC1b	TC2	TC2	TC2
NOTE:	The test configuration identified for immunity tests are intended for transmitter tests in ETSI TS 137 141 [12], clause 4.8, but are here applied both for BS transmitter and receiver.					

Table 3c: Test configurations for multi-band capable BS (all Capability Sets)

Capability Set	Multi-band testing	
BS test case	BC1/BC2	BC3
Emission tests	TC7b	TC7b
Immunity tests (see note)	TC7a	TC7a
NOTE:	The test configuration identified for immunity tests are intended for transmitter tests in ETSI TS 137 141 [12], clause 4.8, but are here applied both for BS transmitter and receiver.	

For immunity tests:

- The communication link for the RAT(s) listed in the table shall be established according to clause 4.2 in the present document.
- Tests for ports relating to the RAT(s) supported shall be performed according to clause 4.1 in the present document.

5 Performance assessment

5.1 General

The provision of ETSI EN 301 489-1 [1], clause 5.1 shall apply with the following modifications:

- Additional information about the common and/or RAT-specific active RF components and other HW blocks for a communication link in MSR BS or other BS supporting more than one RAT shall be recorded in or annexed to the test report.
- Additional information about the common and/or band-specific active RF components and other HW blocks for a communication link in BS capable of multi-band operation shall be recorded in or annexed to the test report.
- A common communication link used by more than one RAT, shall be assessed on any one RAT.
- A communication link used by more than one RAT or more than one operating band, shall be assessed on all RATs and operating bands. Communication link(s) and/or radio performance parameters for the RATs and operating bands can during the test be assessed simultaneously or separately for each RAT and band, depending on the test environment capability.
- The information about the bandwidth of the IF amplifier immediately preceding the demodulator as set out in ETSI EN 301 489-1 [1], clause 5.1 is not applicable for radio equipment in the scope of the present document.

5.2 Equipment which can provide a continuous communication link

5.2.0 General

The provision of ETSI EN 301 489-1 [1], clause 5.2 shall apply.

5.2.1 Assessment of BLER/Throughput/BER/FER in Downlink

5.2.1.0 General

The level of the signal supplied to the equipment should be within the range for which the assessment of BLER/Throughput/BER is not impaired. Power control shall be off during the immunity testing.

For UTRA (BLER)

In order to assess the BLER of the bearer used during the immunity tests, the output of the transmitter shall be connected to an equipment which meets the requirements for the BLER assessment of ETSI TS 125 101 [22] in case of FDD and ETSI TS 125 102 [23] in case of TDD.

For E-UTRA (Throughput)

The output of the transmitter shall be connected to an equipment which meet the requirements for the throughput assessment of ETSI TS 136 101 [24] for the bearer used in the immunity tests.

For GSM/EDGE (BER)

The BER at the output of the transmitter may be assessed using either of the techniques described below.

For OFDMA WMAN

The output of the transmitter shall be connected to equipment which meets the requirements for throughput assessment.

For CDMA (FER)

For immunity testing, the output of the transmitter shall be connected to a test system which meets the requirements for the FER assessment in accordance with TIA-2000.2 [19], clause 2.2 and TIA-97 [18], clause 6. The level of the signal

supplied to the test system shall be attenuated such that it is within the range for which the assessment of FER is not impaired.

5.2.1.1 Assessment of BER using static layer 1 functions

The transmitter under test shall be operated according to the test case of ETSI TS 151 021 [9], clause 6.1.2.

The bit sequence from the output of the transmitter shall be monitored by the test system according to the test case of ETSI TS 151 021 [9], clause 7.1.2, and the BER of the class 2 bits for TCH/FS assessed. The BER shall not exceed the values specified in clause 6.1 of the present document.

If the EUT does not support TCH/FS, the manufacturer shall declare the logical channel for which the performance shall be assessed, and the corresponding performance criteria.

5.2.1.2 Assessment of BER using RXQUAL

The output of the transmitter shall be connected to an equipment which meets the requirements of ETSI TS 151 010-1 [26] for the assessment of RXQUAL. The RXQUAL shall be monitored during the test. The RXQUAL shall not exceed the values specified in clause 6.1 of the present document.

NOTE: This equipment can be a GSM mobile station with suitable provision for the monitoring of RXQUAL.

5.2.2 Assessment of BLER/Throughput/BER/FER in Uplink

5.2.2.0 General

For UTRA (BLER)

The value of the BLER at the output of the receiver reported by the BS shall be monitored at the Iub interface by using suitable test equipment.

For E-UTRA (Throughput)

The value of the throughput at the output of the receiver shall be monitored at S1 interface by using suitable test equipment.

For GSM/EDGE (BER)

The BER at the output of the receiver may be assessed using either of the techniques described below.

For OFDMA WMAN

The value of the throughput at the output of the receiver shall be monitored at the backhaul interface by using suitable test equipment.

For CDMA (FER)

The value of the FER at the output of the receiver reported by the BS shall be monitored using a suitable test system.

5.2.2.1 Assessment of BER using RXQUAL

The value of the RXQUAL reported by the BTS or BSS shall be monitored using suitable test equipment.

5.2.2.2 Assessment of BER using reported BER

The BER of the class 2 bits at the output of the receiver shall be assessed using suitable test equipment.

If the EUT does not support TCH/FS, the manufacturer shall declare the logical channel for which the performance shall be assessed, and the corresponding performance criteria.

NOTE: This can be performed by a "test loopback" which uses the transmitter of the BTS to return the data which has been decoded by the receiver back to the test equipment which generated the bit sequence. For immunity tests of signal ports, the "test loopback" includes an external connection between signal ports.

5.2.3 Assessment of RF gain variations of repeaters

The parameter used for the performance assessment of a repeater is the RF gain within the operating frequency band.

5.3 Equipment which does not provide a continuous communication link

The provision of ETSI EN 301 489-1 [1], clause 5.3 shall apply.

5.4 Ancillary equipment

The provision of ETSI EN 301 489-1 [1], clause 5.4 shall apply.

5.5 Equipment classification

The provision of ETSI EN 301 489-1 [1], clause 5.5 shall apply.

6 Performance criteria

6.1 Performance criteria for continuous phenomena applied to Base Stations and Repeaters

6.1.1 Base Stations (BS)

For UTRA

The BLER calculation shall be based on evaluating the CRC on each transport block.

During immunity tests of the BS Uplink and Downlink paths the observed BLER shall be less than 1×10^{-2} and the BS shall operate as intended. If the Uplink and Downlink paths are evaluated as one loop then the criteria is less than 2×10^{-2} .

After each test case the BS shall operate as intended with no loss of user control functions or stored data, the communications link shall be maintained.

For E-UTRA

The test should, where possible, be performed using a bearer with the characteristics of data rate and throughput defined in table 4. If the test is not performed using one of these bearers (for example, if none of them are supported by the BS), the characteristics of the bearer used shall be recorded in the test report.

The throughput in table 4 is stated relative to the maximum throughput of the FRC. The maximum throughput for an FRC is equal to the payload size \times the number of uplink sub-frames per second.

The BS Uplink and Downlink paths shall each meet the performance criteria defined in table 4 during the test. If the Uplink and Downlink paths are evaluated as a one loop then the criteria is two times the throughput reduction shown in table 4. After each test case BS shall operate as intended with no loss of user control function, stored data and the communication link shall be maintained.

Table 4: BS Performance Criteria for continuous phenomena for BS

E-UTRA Channel Bandwidth [MHz]	Bearer Information Data Rate	Performance Criteria (see notes 1 and 2)
1,4	FRC A1-1 in clause A.1 in ETSI TS 136 104 [5]	Throughput > 95 % No loss of service
3	FRC A1-2 in clause A.1 in ETSI TS 136 104 [5]	Throughput > 95 % No loss of service
5	FRC A1-3 in clause A.1 in ETSI TS 136 104 [5]	Throughput > 95 % No loss of service
10	FRC A1-3 in clause A.1 in ETSI TS 136 104 [5] (see note 3)	Throughput > 95 % No loss of service
15	FRC A1-3 in clause A.1 in ETSI TS 136 104 [5] (see note 3)	Throughput > 95 % No loss of service
20	FRC A1-3 in clause A.1 in ETSI TS 136 104 [5] (see note 3)	Throughput > 95 % No loss of service
NOTE 1: The performance criteria, Throughput > 95 % / No loss of service, applies also if a bearer with another characteristics is used in the test.		
NOTE 2: The performance criteria, Throughput > 90 % / No loss of service, applies instead if the Uplink and Downlink paths are evaluated as a one loop.		
NOTE 3: This is the information data rate of a single instance of the bearer mapped to 25 resource blocks. The performance criteria shall be met for each consecutive application of a single instance of the bearer mapped to disjoint frequency ranges with a width of 25 resource blocks each.		

After each test case the BS shall operate as intended with no loss of user control functions or stored data, the communications link shall be maintained.

For GSM/EDGE

Downlink

The BER of the downlink shall be assessed during the test according to one of the test methods of clause 5.2.1 in the present document.

If the test method of clause 5.2.1.1 in the present document is used, the measured BER of the class 2 bits of TCH/FS shall not exceed 1,6 % during the test.

NOTE 1: This BER is the upper limit in ETSI TS 145 008 [7], clause 8.2.4 for RXQUAL = 3.

If the test method of clause 5.2.1.2 in the present document is used, the value of RXQUAL shall not exceed 3 during the test.

At the conclusion of the test the EUT shall operate as intended with no loss of user control functions or stored data, and the communication link shall have been maintained.

Uplink

The BER of the uplink shall be assessed during the test according to one of the test methods of clause 5.2.2 in the present document.

If the test method of clause 5.2.2.1 in the present document is used, the value of RXQUAL shall not exceed 3 during the test.

If the test method of clause 5.2.2.2 in the present document is used, the measured BER of the class 2 bits of TCH/FS shall not exceed 1,6 % during the test.

NOTE 2: This BER is the upper limit in ETSI TS 145 008 [7], clause 8.2.4 for RXQUAL = 3.

For a base station the RXQUAL of the uplink shall not exceed three (3) measured during the test sequence.

At the conclusion of the test the EUT shall operate as intended with no loss of user control functions or stored data, and the communication link shall have been maintained.

CDMA

During the immunity test, the observed Frame Error Rate (FER) of the BS forward link and reverse link shall not exceed 1,0 % with 95 % confidence (see clause 6.8 in TIA-97 [18]), and the BS shall operate as intended. However, in the case of PAMR base stations the observed Frame Error Rate (FER) of the BS forward link and reverse link shall not exceed 2,0 % with 95 % confidence (see clause 6.8 in TIA-97 [18]), and the BS shall operate as intended.

Table 5: Mobile OFDMA WMAN

Mobile OFDMA WMAN Channel Bandwidth [MHz]	Performance Criteria (see notes 1 and 2)
5	Throughput > 95 % No loss of service
10	Throughput > 95 % No loss of service
NOTE 1: The performance criteria, Throughput > 95 % / No loss of service, applies also if a bearer with another characteristics is used in the test.	
NOTE 2: The performance criteria, Throughput > 90 % / No loss of service, applies instead if the Uplink and Downlink paths are evaluated as a one loop.	

After each test case, the BS shall operate as intended with no loss of user control function, or stored data, the communication link shall be maintained.

6.1.2 Repeaters

The RF gain of the EUT shall be measured throughout the period of exposure to the phenomenon. The RF gain measured during the test shall not deviate from the gain measured before the test by more than ± 1 dB.

At the conclusion of the test the EUT shall operate as intended with no loss of user control functions or stored data.

6.2 Performance criteria for transient phenomena for Base Station and Repeaters

6.2.1 Base stations (BS)

At the conclusion of each exposure the EUT shall operate with no user noticeable loss of the communication link.

At the conclusion of the total test comprising the series of individual exposures the EUT shall operate as intended with no loss of user control functions or stored data, as declared by the manufacturer, and the communication link shall have been maintained.

6.2.2 Repeaters

The RF gain of the EUT shall be measured before the test and after each exposure. At the conclusion of each exposure the gain of the EUT shall not have changed by more than ± 1 dB. At the conclusion of the total test comprising the series of individual exposures, the EUT shall operate as intended with no loss of user control functions or stored data, as declared by the manufacturer, and the gain of the EUT shall not have changed by more than ± 1 dB.

6.3 Performance criteria for ancillary equipment tested on a standalone basis

6.3.0 General

The provision of ETSI EN 301 489-1 [1], clause 6.4 shall apply. In addition, the provisions of clauses 6.3.1 and 6.3.2 of the present document shall apply.

6.3.1 Performance criteria for continuous phenomena for ancillary equipment

The EUT shall continue to operate as intended during and after the test. No degradation of performance or loss of function is allowed below the performance level specified by the manufacturer, when the apparatus is used as intended. The performance level may be replaced by a permissible performance loss. If the minimum performance level or the permissible performance loss is not specified by the manufacturer, either of these may be derived from the product description and documentation and what the user may reasonably expect from the apparatus if used as intended.

6.3.2 Performance criteria for transient phenomena for ancillary equipment

The EUT shall continue to operate as intended after the test. No degradation of performance or loss of function is allowed below the performance level specified by the manufacturer, when the apparatus is used as intended. The performance level may be replaced by a permissible performance loss. During the test, degradation of performance is however allowed. If the minimum performance level or the permissible performance loss is not specified by the manufacturer, either of these may be derived from the product description and documentation and what the user may reasonably expect from the apparatus if used as intended.

7 Applicability overview tables

7.1 Emission

7.1.1 General

ETSI EN 301 489-1 [1], table 1 contains the applicability of EMC emission measurements to the relevant ports of radio and/or associated ancillary equipment. These requirements cover the essential requirements defined in article 3.1(b) of Directive 2014/53/EU [i.1].

7.1.2 Special conditions

The following special conditions set out in table 6, relate to the emission test methods used in the ETSI EN 301 489-1 [1], ~~clauses 4 and~~ clause 8.

Table 6: Special conditions for EMC emission measurements

Reference to clauses in ETSI EN 301 489-1 [1]	Special product-related conditions, additional to or modifying the test conditions in ETSI EN 301 489-1 [1], clause 8		
1 Scope, Radiated emission enclosure port	See notes 1 and 2.		
8.3 Conducted emission DC power input/output ports, 8.3.3 Limits	Limits for conducted emissions:		
	Frequency range	Quasi-peak	Average
	0,15 MHz to 0,5 MHz	79 dB μ V	66 dB μ V
	> 0,5 MHz to 30 MHz	73 dB μ V	60 dB μ V
NOTE 1: IMT cellular networks BS, the limits the test method in clause 4.2.3 of standard for ETSI EN 301 908-1 [28] shall apply.			
NOTE 2: Base Stations that are only single-RAT GSM/EDGE capable, the limits and the test method in clauses 4.2.16 and 5.3.16 of ETSI EN 301 502 [8] shall apply.			

7.2 Immunity

7.2.1 General

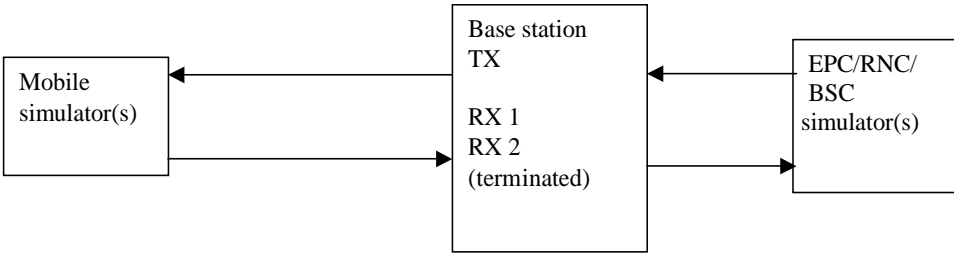
ETSI EN 301 489-1 [1], table 2 contains the applicability of EMC immunity measurements to the relevant ports of radio and/or associated ancillary equipment.

These requirements cover the essential requirements defined in article 3.1(b) of Directive 2014/53/EU [i.1].

7.2.2 Special conditions

The following special conditions set out in table 7 relate to the immunity test configurations set out in ETSI EN 301 489-1 [1], clause 9.

Table 7: Special conditions for EMC immunity measurements

Reference to clauses in ETSI EN 301 489-1 [1]	Special product-related conditions, additional to or modifying the test configuration in ETSI EN 301 489-1 [1], clause 9.1
9.1 Test Configuration E-UTRA, UTRA, GSM/EDGE, CDMA	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Immunity tests on the entire base station shall be performed by establishing communication links at the air interface (e.g. with the mobile simulator(s)) and the S1/lub/Abis interface (e.g. with an EPC/RNC/BSC simulator) and evaluating the throughput/BLER/BER (see figure 2). • Immunity tests shall be performed on both the Uplink and Downlink paths. The tests shall also include both the air interface and S1/lub/Abis interface. Throughput/BLER/BER evaluation may be carried out at either interface, where appropriate, and the measurements for the Uplink and Downlink paths may be carried out as a single path looped at either the air interface or S1/lub/Abis interface. In case of looping is used care have to be taken that the throughput/BLER/BER information does not change due to looping. • Immunity tests on the MSR base station shall be performed by activating all supported RATs concurrently. <div style="text-align: center;">  <pre> graph LR MS[Mobile simulator(s)] <--> BS[Base station TX RX 1 RX 2 (terminated)] BS <--> EPC[EPC/RNC/BSC simulator(s)] </pre> </div> <p style="text-align: center;">Figure 2: Communication link set up for BS immunity measurement</p>
9.2.2 Test method Radio frequency electromagnetic field (80 MHz to 6 000 MHz)	Test level: For the frequency range 80 MHz to 690 MHz, test level shall be 3 V/m For the frequency range 690 MHz to 6 000 MHz test level shall be 10 V/m

Annex A (informative): Relationship between the present document and the essential requirements of Directive 2014/53/EU

The present document has been prepared under the Commission's standardisation request C(2015) 5376 final [i.15] to provide one voluntary means of conforming to the essential requirements of Directive 2014/53/EU on the harmonisation of the laws of the Member States relating to the making available on the market of radio equipment and repealing Directive 1999/5/EC [i.1].

Once the present document is cited in the Official Journal of the European Union under that Directive, compliance with the normative clauses of the present document given in table A.1 confers, within the limits of the scope of the present document, a presumption of conformity with the corresponding essential requirements of that Directive, and associated EFTA regulations.

Table A.1: Relationship between the present document and the essential requirements of Directive 2014/53/EU

Harmonised Standard ETSI EN 301 489-50				
Requirement			Requirement Conditionality	
No	Description	Reference: Clause No	U/C	Condition
4	Enclosure port	7.1.2	U	
21	Emissions: Enclosure of ancillary equipment measured on a stand-alone basis	8.2 of ETSI EN 301 489-1 [1]	U	
32	Emissions: DC power input/output ports	7.2-27.1.2 and 8.3 of ETSI EN 301 489-1 [1]	C	Only where equipment has DC power input and/or output ports with a cable length greater than 3 m
43	Emissions: AC mains power input/output ports	8.4 of ETSI EN 301-489-1 [1]	C	Only where equipment has AC mains power input and/or output ports
54	Emissions: Harmonic current mission (AC mains input port)	8.5 of ETSI EN 301-489-1-[1]	C	Only where equipment has AC mains power input ports
65	Emissions: Voltage fluctuations and flicker (AC_mains input ports)	8.6 of ETSI EN 301-489-1-[1]	C	Only where equipment has AC mains power input ports
76	Emissions: Wired network ports	8.7 of ETSI EN 301-489-1-[1]	C	Only where equipment has wired network ports
87	Immunity: Radio frequency electromagnetic field (80 MHz to 6 000 MHz)	7.2.2	U	
98	Immunity: Electrostatic discharge	9.3 of ETSI EN 301-489-1-[1]	U	
109	Immunity: Fast transients common mode	9.4 of ETSI EN 301-489-1-[1]	C	Only where equipment has AC mains power input ports
110	Immunity: Radio frequency common mode	9.5 of ETSI EN 301-489-1-[1]	C	Only where equipment has AC mains power input ports
121	Immunity: Voltage dips and interruptions	9.7 of ETSI EN 301-489-1-[1]	C	Only where equipment has AC mains power input ports
132	Immunity Surges, line to line and line to ground	9.8 of ETSI EN 301-489-1-[1]	C	Only where equipment has AC mains power input ports and/or wired network ports

Key to columns:

Requirement:

No A unique identifier for one row of the table which may be used to identify a requirement.

Description A textual reference to the requirement.

Clause Number Identification of clause(s) defining the requirement in the present document unless another document is referenced explicitly.

Requirement Conditionality:

U/C	Indicates whether the requirement is unconditionally applicable (U) or is conditional upon the manufacturer's claimed functionality of the equipment (C).
Condition	Explains the conditions when the requirement is or is not applicable for a requirement which is classified "conditional".

Presumption of conformity stays valid only as long as a reference to the present document is maintained in the list published in the Official Journal of the European Union. Users of the present document should consult frequently the latest list published in the Official Journal of the European Union.

Other Union legislation may be applicable to the product(s) falling within the scope of the present document.

Annex B (informative): Examples of base station radio equipment for digital cellular radio telecommunications systems within the scope of the present document

B.0 General

The present document covers types of base station digital cellular radio telecommunications equipment as set out below.

B.1 Base station equipment for IMT-2000 CDMA Direct Spread (UTRA)

The present document applies to 3rd Generation Partnership Project (UTRA) radio equipment intended for use in digital cellular mobile radio services. Definitions for base station equipment within the scope of the present document are found in the following functional radio specifications:

- ETSI TS 125 104 [i.3];
- ETSI TS 125 105 [i.4];
- ETSI TS 125 106 [i.5].

B.2 Base station equipment for Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access (E-UTRA)

The present document applies to 3rd Generation Partnership Project (UTRA) radio equipment intended for use in digital cellular mobile radio services. Definitions for base station equipment within the scope of the present document are found in the following functional radio specifications:

- E-UTRA base stations meeting the requirements of ETSI TS 136 104 [5], with conformance demonstrated by compliance to ETSI TS 136 141 [6].
- E-UTRA repeaters meeting the requirements of ETSI TS 136 106 [i.6], with conformance demonstrated by compliance to ETSI TS 136 143 [25].

B.3 GSM base station, ancillary RF amplifiers, and GSM repeaters meeting Phase 2 and 2+

The present document applies to GSM base stations meeting Phase 2 and 2+ requirements of the GSM digital cellular telecommunications system, and operating in the P-GSM 900 MHz, E-GSM 900 MHz or DCS 1 800 MHz bands.

B.4 Other types of GSM base station, ancillary RF amplifiers, and GSM repeaters equipment

The present document is also applicable to:

- equipment which operates in other frequency bands, provided that the performance requirements (other than operating frequency) are the same as the Phase 2 or 2+ GSM requirements;
- equipment which is designed to meet Phase 1 GSM requirements, provided that it also meets the Phase 2 or 2+ GSM requirements.

NOTE: This provision is particularly intended for equipment, which is designed to meet either the Phase 1 or the Phase 2 or 2+ GSM requirements by a change of software.

B.5 Multi Standard Radio (MSR) Base station equipment

The present document applies to Multi-Standard Radio (MSR) base station equipment intended for use in digital cellular mobile radio services. Definitions for base station equipment within the scope of the present document are found in the following functional radio specification:

- the requirements of ETSI TS 137 104 [i.2], with conformance demonstrated by compliance to ETSI TS 137 141 [12].

B.6 OFDMA WMAN Base station equipment

The present document applies to Broadband Data Transmission System base station equipment.

This equipment can be found in networks operating in a number of frequency bands subject to national licensing conditions. Examples of such frequency bands are 2 500 MHz to 2 690 MHz, 3 400 MHz to 3 600 MHz and 3 600 MHz to 3 800 MHz details of such equipment can be found in the following harmonised standard:

- ETSI EN 302 544-1 [i.10].

B.7 OFDMA WMAN Base station equipment

The present document applies to Mobile OFDMA WMAN base station equipment. Definitions of base station equipment within the scope of the present document are found in the following functional radio specifications:

- ETSI EN 301 908-20 [15];
- ETSI EN 301 908-22 [16].

B.8 CDMA 1x spread spectrum Base stations, repeaters and ancillary equipment

The present document covers types of base stations and repeaters using CDMA 1x spread spectrum technology and associated ancillary equipment. Definitions of examples of base station equipment within the scope of the present document are found in the following functional radio specifications:

- IMT-2000 CDMA Multi-carrier radio equipment intended for use in digital cellular mobile radio services operating in any of the Band Classes described in TIA-97 [18]-, clause 3.1.
- CDMA-PAMR radio equipment operating in one or more of the band classes defined in TIA-97 [~~18~~]-18], clause 3.1.
- ETSI EN 301 908-5 [~~13~~i.7].
- ETSI EN 301 908-7 [~~14~~i.8].
- ETSI EN 301 449 [~~20~~i.11].
- ETSI EN 302 426 [~~24~~i.12].

Annex C (informative): Bibliography

ETSI EN 301 526 (V1.1.1): "Electromagnetic compatibility and Radio spectrum Matters (ERM); Harmonized EN for CDMA spread spectrum mobile stations operating in the 450 MHz cellular band (CDMA 450) and 410, 450 and 870 MHz PAMR bands (CDMA-PAMR) covering essential requirements of article 3.2 of the R&TTE Directive".

Annex D (informative): Change history

Version	Information about changes
1.2.1	First publication.
2.1.1	New edition for RED; Updates for multi-band BS. <u>Radiated immunity testing to a continuous sweep between 80 MHz and 690 MHz at 3 V/m and 690 MHz and 6 000 MHz at 10 V/m as opposed to the previous frequency range of 80 MHz to 1 000 MHz and 1 400 MHz to 2 700 MHz at 3 V/m in earlier editions.</u>
2.2.1	Small editorial corrections.

History

Document history		
V1.2.1	March 2013	Publication
V2.1.1	February 2017	Publication
V2.2.0	March 2017	EN Approval Procedure AP 20170611: 2017-03-13 to 2017-06-12
V2.2.1	April 2019	Publication