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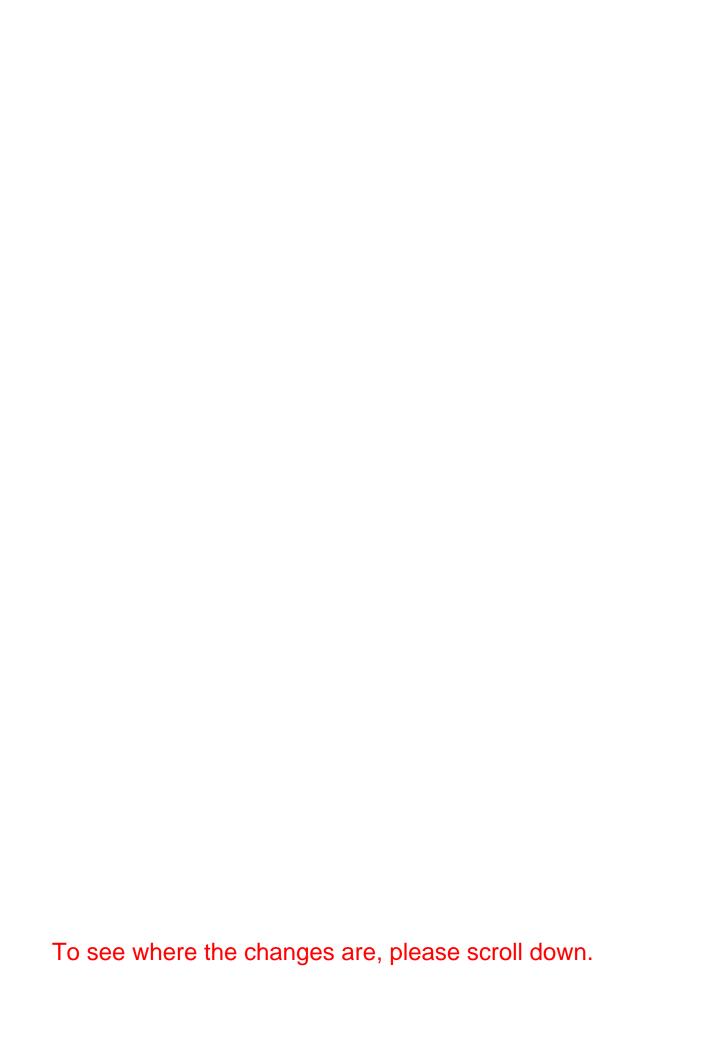
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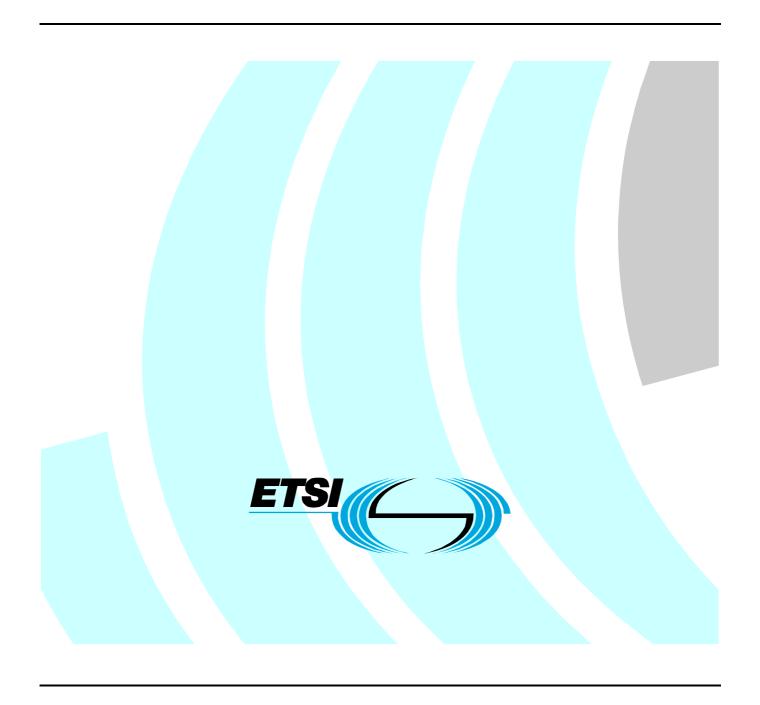
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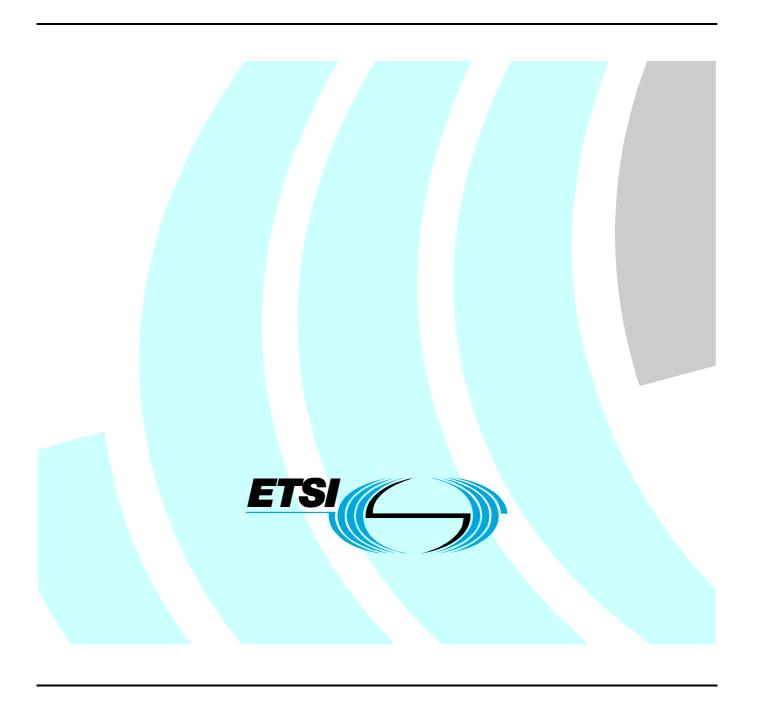
Electromagnetic compatibility and Radio spectrum Matters (ERM); ElectroMagnetic Compatibility (EMC) standard for radio equipment and services; Part 23: Specific conditions for IMT-2000 CDMA Direct Spread (UTRA) Base Station (BS) radio, repeater and ancillary equipment



ETSI EN 301 489-23 V1.4.1 (2010-10)

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Electromagnetic compatibility and Radio spectrum Matters (ERM); ElectroMagnetic Compatibility (EMC) standard for radio equipment and services; Part 23: Specific conditions for IMT-2000 CDMA, Direct Spread (UTRA and E-UTRA) Base Station (BS) radio, repeater and ancillary equipment



Reference

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Keywords

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Reference

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Keywords

base station, EMC, IMT-2000, radio, regulation, UMTS

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The present document has been produced by ETSI in response to a mandate from the European Commission issued under Council Directive 98/34/EC [3] (as amended) laying down a procedure for the provision of information in the field of technical standards and regulations.

The present document is intended to become a Harmonized Standard, the reference of which will be published in the Official Journal of the European Communities referencing the Council Directive on the approximation of the laws of the Member States relating to electromagnetic compatibility ("the EMC Directive") (89/336/EEC as amended) and Directive 1999/5/EC [2] of the European Parliament and of the Council of 9 March 1999 on radio equipment and telecommunications terminal equipment and the mutual recognition of their conformity ("the R&TTE Directive").

The present document is part 23 of a multi-part deliverable. Full details of the entire series can be found in part 1 [1].

National transposition dates	
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Date of latest publication of new National Standard or endorsement of this EN (dop/e):	31 May 2008
Date of withdrawal of any conflicting National Standard (dow):	31 May 2009

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1 Scope

The present document, together with EN 301 489-1 [1], covers the assessment of "3rd generation" digital cellular (IMT-2000 CDMA Direct Spread) (UTRA) base station equipment, repeaters and associated ancillary equipment in respect of ElectroMagnetic Compatibility (EMC).

Technical specifications related to the antenna port and emissions from the enclosure port of radio equipment (base station (BS), and repeaters) are not included in the present document. Such technical specifications are found in the relevant product standards for the effective use of the radio spectrum.

The present document specifies the applicable test conditions, performance assessment and performance criteria of "3rd generation" digital cellular (IMT-2000 CDMA Direct Spread) (UTRA) base station radio equipment and associated ancillary equipment.

Examples of base station equipment covered by the present document are given in annex A.

In case of differences (for instance concerning special conditions, definitions, abbreviations) between the present document and EN 301 489-1 [1], the provisions of the present document take precedence.

The environmental classification and the emission and immunity requirements used in the present document are as stated in EN 301 489-1 [1], except for any special conditions included in the present document.

2 References

The following documents contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of the present document.

- References are either specific (identified by date of publication and/or edition number or version number) or non-specific.
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[1]	ETSI EN 301 489-1 (V1.6.1). "Electromagnetic compatibility and Radio spectrum Matters (ERM);
	ElectroMagnetic Compatibility (EMC) standard for radio equipment and services; Part 1:
	Common technical requirements".

[2]	Directive 1999/5/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 9 March 1999 on radio
	equipment and telecommunications terminal equipment and the mutual recognition of their
	conformity (R&TTE Directive).

[3]	Directive 98/34/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 22 June 1998 laying down a
	procedure for the provision of information in the field of technical standards and regulations

[4]	ETSI TS 125 141 (V7.5.0): "Universal Mobile Telecommunications System (UMTS); Base
	Station (BS) conformance testing (FDD)".

ETSI TS 125 142 (V7.3.0): "Universal Mobile Telecommunications System (UMTS); Base Station (BS) conformance testing (TDD)".

ETSI TS 125 101 (V7.5.0): "Universal Mobile Telecommunications System (UMTS); User Equipment (UE) radio transmission and reception (FDD)".

1 Scope

The present document, together with EN 301 489-1 [1], covers the assessment of "3rd generation" digital cellular (IMT-2000 CDMA Direct Spread) (LITRA and E-UTRA) base station equipment, repeaters and associated ancillary equipment in respect of ElectroMagnetic Compatibility (EMC).

Technical specifications related to the antenna port and emissions from the enclosure port of radio equipment (base station (BS), and repeaters) are not included in the present document. Such technical specifications are found in the relevant product standards for the effective use of the radio spectrum.

The present document specifies the applicable test conditions, performance assessment and performance criteria of "3rd generation" digital cellular (IMT-2000 CDMA Direct Spread) (LITRA and F-UTRA) base station radio equipment and associated ancillary equipment.

Examples of base station equipment covered by the present document are given in annex A.

In case of differences (for instance concerning special conditions, definitions, abbreviations) between the present document and EN 301 489-1 [1], the provisions of the present document take precedence.

The environmental classification and the emission and immunity requirements used in the present document are as stated in EN 301 489-1 [1], except for any special conditions included in the present document.

2 References

References are either specific (identified by date of publication and/or edition number or version number) or non-specific. For specific references, only the cited version applies. For non-specific references, the latest version of the reference document (including any amendments) applies.

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2.1 Normative references

The following referenced documents are necessary for the application of the present document

[1]	ETSI EN 301 489-1 (V1.8.1): "Electromagnetic compatibility and Radio spectrum Matters (ERM); ElectroMagnetic Compatibility (EMC) standard for radio equipment and services; Part 1: Common technical requirements".
[2]	ETSI TS 125 141 (V7.5.0): "Universal Mobile Telecommunications System (UMTS); Base Station (BS) conformance testing (FDD) (3GPP TS 25.141 version 7.5.0 Release 7)".
[3]	ETSI TS 125 142 (V7.3.0): "Universal Mobile Telecommunications System (UMTS); Base Station (BS) conformance testing (TDD) (3GPP TS 25.142 version 7.3.0 Release 7)"
[4]	ETSLTS 125 101 (V7.5.0): "Universal Mobile Telecommunications System (UMTS); User Equipment (UE) radio transmission and reception (FDD) (3GPP TS 25.101 version 7.5.0 Release 7)".
[5]	ETSLTS 125 102 (V7 4.0): "Universal Mobile Telecommunications System (UMTS); User Equipment (UE) radio transmission and reception (TDD) (3GPP TS 25.102 version 7.4.0 Release 7)".
[6]	ETSLTS 125 143 (V7 2.0): "Universal Mobile Telecommunications System (UMTS); UTRA repeater conformance testing (3GPP TS 25 143 version 7.2.0 Release 7)".

[7] ETSI TS 125 102 (V7.4.0). "Universal Mobile Telecommunications System (UMTS), User

Equipment (UE) radio transmission and reception (TDD)".

[8] ETSI TS 125 143 (V7.2.0): "Universal Mobile Telecommunications System (UMTS); UTRA

repeater conformance testing".

3 Definitions and abbreviations

3.1 Definitions

For the purposes of the present document, the terms and definitions given in EN 301 489-1 [1] and the following apply:

International Mobile Telecommunications-2000 (IMT-2000): third generation mobile systems which provide access, by means of one or more radio links, to a wide range of telecommunications services supported by the fixed telecommunication networks (e.g. PSTN, ISDN, or IP), and to other services which are specific to mobile users

signal and control port: port which carries information or control signals, except from antenna and telecommunication ports

3.2 Abbreviations

For the purposes of the present document, the following abbreviations apply:

BLER Block Error Ratio
BS Base Station

CRC Cyclic Redundancy Check
EMC ElectroMagnetic Compatibility

EUT Equipment Under Test
FDD Frequency Division Duplex

IMT-2000 International Mobile Telecommunications 2000

Iub Interface between RNC and BS

RF Radio Frequency

RNC Radio Network Controller
TDD Time Division Duplex

UARFCN UTRA Absolute Radio Frequency Channel Number

UTRA Universal Terrestrial Radio Access

4 Test conditions

For the purpose of the present document, the test conditions of EN 301 489-1 [1], clause 4, shall apply as appropriate. Further product related test conditions for base station equipment are specified in the present document.

4.1 General

The equipment shall be tested in normal test environment defined in the conformance testing specification for base stations TS 125 141 [4] (for FDD) or TS 125 142 [5] (for TDD) or in the UTRA repeater conformance testing specification TS 125 143 [8]. The test conditions shall be recorded in the test report.

For emission and immunity tests the test arrangements, etc., as specified in the present document, clauses 4.2 to 4.5, shall apply.

For an EUT which contains more than one BS, it is sufficient to perform tests relating to connectors of each representative type of port forming part of the EUT.

[7] ETSLTS 136 101: "LTF: Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access (F-UTRA): User Equipment (UF) radio transmission and reception (3GPP TS 36 101 version 9 3 0 Release 9)"

[8] ETSLTS 136 104 (V9 3 0): "LTF: Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access (F-UTRA): Base Station (RS) radio transmission and reception (3GPP TS 36 104 version 9 3 0 Release 9)"

[9] ETSLTS 136 141 (V9 3 0): "LTF: Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access (F-UTRA): Base

Station (RS) conformance testing (3GPP TS 36 141 version 9 3 0 Release 9)"

2.2 Informative references

The following referenced documents are not necessary for the application of the present document but they assist the user with regard to a particular subject area.

[i1]	FTSLTS 136 106: "LTF: Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access (F-UTRA): FDD repeater radio transmission and reception (3GPP TS 36 106)"
[i 2]	FTSLTS 136 143: "LTF: Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access (F-UTRA): FDD repeater conformance testing (3GPP TS 36 143)"
[i 3]	ETSLTS 125 104: "Universal Mobile Telecommunications System (UMTS): Base Station (BS) radio transmission and reception (EDD) (3GPP TS 25 104)"
[i 4]	FTSLTS 125 105: "Universal Mobile Telecommunications System (UMTS): Base Station (BS) radio transmission and reception (TDD) (3GPP TS 25 105)"
[i 5]	ETSLTS 125 106: "Universal Mobile Telecommunications System (UMTS); UTRA repeater radio transmission and reception (3GPP TS 25.106)".
[i.6]	Directive 1999/5/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 9 March 1999 on radio equipment and telecommunications terminal equipment and the mutual recognition of their conformity (R&TTE Directive).
[i.7]	Directive 98/34/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 22 June 1998 laying down a procedure for the provision of information in the field of technical standards and regulations.

3 Definitions and abbreviations

3.1 Definitions

For the purposes of the present document, the terms and definitions given in EN 301 489-1 [1] and the following apply:

bearer: information transmission path of defined characteristics for transfer of user data or predefined test data

International Mobile Telecommunications-2000 (IMT-2000): third generation mobile systems which provide access, by means of one or more radio links, to a wide range of telecommunications services supported by the fixed telecommunication networks (e.g. PSTN, ISDN or IP), and to other services which are specific to mobile users

channel bandwidth: RF bandwidth supporting a single E-UTRA RF carrier with the transmission bandwidth configured in the uplink or downlink of a cell. The channel bandwidth is measured in MHz and is used as a reference for transmitter and receiver RF requirements

maximum throughput: maximum achievable throughput for a reference measurement channel

throughput: number of payload bits successfully received per second for a reference measurement channel in a specified reference condition

radio communications equipment: telecommunications equipment which includes one or more transmitters and/or receivers and/or parts thereof for use in a fixed, mobile or portable application. It can be operated with ancillary equipment but if so, is not dependent on it for basic functionality.

4.2 Arrangements for test signals

The provisions of EN 301 489-1 [1], clause 4.2 shall apply, with the following modifications.

The wanted RF signal nominal frequency shall be selected by setting the UTRA Absolute Radio Frequency Channel Number (UARFEN) to an appropriate number.

★ communication link shall be set up with a suitable test system capable of evaluating the EUT using the specified performance criteria at the air interface and/or the Iub interface. The test system shall be located outside of the test environment.

When the EUT is required to be in the transmit/receive mode, the following conditions shall be met:

- the EUT shall be commanded to operate at maximum rated transmit power;
- adequate measures shall be taken to avoid the effect of the unwanted signal on the measuring equipment.

4.2.1 Arrangements for test signals at the input of transmitters

The provisions of EN 301 489-1 [1], clause 4.2.1 shall apply.

4.2.2 Arrangements for test signals at the output of transmitters

The provisions of EN 301 489-1 [1], clause 4.2.2 shall apply.

4.2.3 Arrangements for test signals at the input of receivers

The provisions of EN 301 489-1 [1], clause 4.2.3 shall apply with the following modification.

The wanted input signal level shall be set to a level where the performance is not limited by the receiver noise floor or strong signal effects e.g. 15 dB above the reference sensitivity level as defined in TS 125 141 [4] (for FDD) or TS 125 142 [5] (for TDD), to provide a stable communication link.

4.2.4 Arrangements for test signals at the output of receivers

The provisions of EN 301 489-1 [1], clause 4.2.4 shall apply.

4.2.5 Arrangements for test signals for repeaters

For immunity tests of repeaters, the wanted RF input signal shall be coupled to one antenna port at a level which will result, when measured, in the maximum rated RF output power per channel, as declared by the manufacturer. The test shall either be repeated with a wanted signal coupled to the other antenna port, or a single test shall be performed with the specified input signals being simultaneously coupled to both antenna ports.

4.3 Exclusion bands

4.3.1 Transmitter exclusion band

In the frequency bands including in band emissions and out of band emissions are covered by the RF spectral mask specification and need no further consideration.

For the purpose of EMC specifications this shall be the transmitter exclusion band from.

TDD Option 3,84 Meps

Carrier Frequency ±12,5 MHz

Carrier Frequency ±12,5 MHz

Carrier Frequency ±12,5 MHz

Carrier Frequency ±4,0 MHz

radio equipment: equipment which contains Radio digital unit and Radio unit
radio digital unit: equipment which contains hase hand and functionality for controlling Radio unit
radio unit: equipment which contains transmitter and receiver

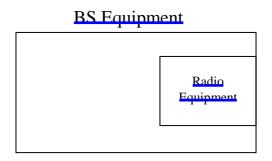


Figure 1A: BS with single enclosure solution

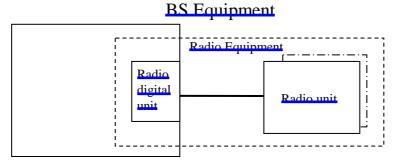


Figure 1B: BS with multiple enclosure solution

3.2 Abbreviations

For the purposes of the present document, the following abbreviations apply:

BLER Block Error Ratio
BS Base Station
Channel bandwidth

CDMA Code Division Multiple Access
CRC Cyclic Redundancy Check
EMC ElectroMagnetic Compatibility

FPC Evolved Packet Core
FUT Equipment Under Test

E-UTRA Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access

FDD Frequency Division Duplex
FRC Fixed Reference Channel

IMT-2000 International Mobile Telecommunications 2000

IP Internet Protocol

ISDN Integrated Services Digital Network
Inh Interface between RNC and RS
PSTN Public Switched Telephone Network

RF Radio Frequency

RNC Radio Network Controller TDD Time Division Duplex

UARFCN UTRA Absolute Radio Frequency Channel Number

UTRA Universal Terrestrial Radio Access

TDD Option 7,68 Meps

Carrier Frequency ±25,0 MHz

4.3.2 Receiver exclusion band

The receiver exclusion band for terminals extends from the lower frequency of the allocated receiver band minus 20 MHz to the upper frequency of the allocated receiver band plus 20 MHz (except for FDD Band VIII, where the exclusion band ends 10 MHz above the receiver band edge; TDD band 1 900 MHz to 1 920 MHz, where the exclusion band ends 60 MHz above the receiver band edge; and TDD band 2 570 MHz to 2 620 MHz, where the exclusion band ends 70 MHz above the receiver band edge;

The exclusion bands are as set out below:

UTRA/FDD

Band I 1 900 MHz to 2 000 MHz

Band III 1 690 MHz to 1 805 MHz

Band VII 2 480 MHz to 2 590 MHz

Band VIII 860 MHz to 925 MHz

UTRA/TDD 3,84 Meps, 1,28 Meps, 7,68 Meps options

1 880 MHz to 1 980 MHz

1 990 MHz to 2 045 MHz

2 550 MHz to 2 690 MHz

4.4 Narrow band responses of receivers

Responses on receivers or duplex transceivers occurring during the immunity test at discrete frequencies which are narrow band responses (spurious responses), are identified by the following method:

• if during an immunity test the quantity being monitored goes outside the specified tolerances (see clause 6.1), it is necessary to establish whether the deviation is due to a narrow band response or to a wide band (EMC) phenomenon. Therefore, the test shall be repeated with the unwanted signal frequency increased, and then decreased by Af

FDD bands I, III, VII, VIII and TDD option 3,84 Mcps $\Delta f = 10.0 \text{ MHz}$ TDD option 1,28 Mcps $\Delta f = 3.2 \text{ MHz}$ TDD option 7,68 Mcps $\Delta f = 20.0 \text{ MHz}$

- if the deviation disappears in either or both of the above Δf offset cases, then the response is considered as a narrow band response,
- if the deviation does not disappear, this may be due to the fact that the offset has made the frequency of the unwanted signal correspond to the frequency of another narrow band response. Under these circumstances the procedure is repeated with the increase and decrease of the frequency of the unwanted signal set to Δf_1 ;

FDD bands I, III, VII, VIII and TDD option 3,84 Mcps $\Delta f_1 = 12,5 \text{ MHz}$ TDD option 1,28 Mcps $\Delta f_1 = 4,0 \text{ MHz}$ TDD option 7,68 Mcps $\Delta f_1 = 25,0 \text{ MHz},$

• if the deviation does not disappear with the increased and/or decreased frequency, the phenomenon is considered wide band and therefore an EMC problem and the equipment fails the test.

Narrow band responses are disregarded.

4.5 Normal test modulation

A communication link shall be set up with a suitable base station system test equipment. The normal test modulation should be a bearer with the characteristics of data rate shown in table 1.

4 Test conditions

For the purpose of the present document, the test conditions of EN 301 489-1 [1], clause 4, shall apply as appropriate. Further product related test conditions for base station equipment are specified in the present document.

4.1 General

The equipment shall be tested in the normal test environment defined in the appropriate conformance testing specification as specified below:

- LITRA (FDD) base station TS 125 141 [2].
- LITRA (TDD) base station TS 125 142 [3].
- F-LITRA base station TS 136 141 [9].
- UTRA repeater conformance testing specification TS 125 143 [6];
- F-IJTRA repeater conformance testing specification TS 136 143 [i 2]

The test conditions shall be recorded in the test report.

For emission and immunity tests the test arrangements, etc., as specified in the present document, clauses 4.2 to 4.5, shall apply.

For an EUT which contains more than one BS, it is sufficient to perform tests relating to connectors of each representative type of port forming part of the EUT.

4.2 Arrangements for test signals

The provisions of EN 301 489-1 [1], clause 4.2 shall apply, with the following modifications.

<u>IITRA the wanted RF signal nominal frequency shall be selected by setting the IITRA Absolute Radio Frequency Channel Number (IIARFCN)</u>

E-LITR Athe wanted RF signal nominal frequency shall be selected by setting the E-UTRA Absolute Radio Frequency Channel Number (EARECN) to an appropriate number.

LITRA a communication link shall be set up with a suitable test system capable of evaluating the EUT using the specified performance criteria at the air interface and/or the Iub interface.

E-LITRA a communication link shall be set up with a suitable test system capable of evaluating the FUT using the specified performance criteria at the air interface and/or the SL interface.

For both LITRA and E-LITRA the test system shall be located outside of the test environment.

When the EUT is required to be in the transmit/receive mode, the following conditions shall be met:

- the EUT shall be commanded to operate at maximum rated transmit power;
- adequate measures shall be taken to avoid the effect of the unwanted signal on the measuring equipment.

4.2.1 Multiple enclosure BS solution

For a RS with multiple enclosures, the RS part with Radio digital unit and the Radio unit may be tested separately. Communication link shall be set up in the same way as if they are in single RS enclosure. The Radio Digital unit and the Radio unit shall communicate over an interface enabling establishment of a communication link.

4.2.2 Arrangements for test signals at the input of transmitters

The provisions of EN 301 489-1 [1], clause 4.2.1 shall apply.

If the test is not performed using one of these bearers, (for example none of them are supported by the BS), the characteristics of the bearer used shall be declared by the manufacturer and recorded in the test report.

Table 1: Bearer information data rate

Bearer Information Data Rate
12,2 kbit/s
64 kbit/s
144 kbit/s
384 kbit/s

5 Performance assessment

5.1 General

The provision of EN 301 489-1 [1], clause 5.1 shall apply with the following modifications.

The characteristics of the bearer shall be recorded in the test report.

The information about the bandwidth of the IF amplifier immediately preceding the demodulator as set out in EN 301 489-1 [1] clause 5.1 is not applicable for radio equipment in the scope of the present document.

5.2 Equipment which can provide a continuous communication link

The provision of EN 301 489-1 [1], clause 5.2 shall apply.

5.2.1 Assessment of BLER in Downlink

In order to assess the BLER of the bearer used during the immunity tests, the output of the transmitter shall be connected to an equipment which meets the requirements for the BLER assessment of TS 125 101 [6] in case of FDD and TS 125 102 [7] in case of TDD. The level of the signal supplied to the equipment should be within the range for which the assessment of BLER is not impaired. Power control shall be off during the immunity testing.

5.2.2 Assessment of BLER in Uplink

The value of the BLER at the output of the receiver reported by the BS shall be monitored at Iub-interface by using a suitable test equipment.

5.2.3 Assessment of RF gain variations of repeaters

The parameter used for the performance assessment of a repeater is the RF gain within the operating frequency band.

5.3 Equipment which does not provide a continuous communication link

The provision of EN 301 489-1 [1], clause 5.3 shall apply.

5.4 Ancillary equipment

The provision of EN 301 489-1 [1], clause 5.4 shall apply.

4.2.3 Arrangements for test signals at the output of transmitters

The provisions of EN 301 489-1 [1], clause 4.2.2 shall apply.

4.2.4 Arrangements for test signals at the input of receivers

The provisions of EN 301 489-1 [1], clause 4.2.3 shall apply with the following modification.

The wanted input signal level shall be set to a level to provide a stable communication link where the performance is not limited by the receiver noise floor or strong signal effects e.g. 15 dB above the reference sensitivity level as defined in:

- <u>LITRA TS 125 141 [2] (for FDD) TS 125 142 [3] (for TDD):</u>
- E-UTRA TS 136 141 [9]

4.2.5 Arrangements for test signals at the output of receivers

The provisions of EN 301 489-1 [1], clause 4.2.4 shall apply.

4.2.6 Arrangements for test signals for repeaters

For immunity tests of repeaters, the wanted RF input signal shall be coupled to one antenna port at a level which will result, when measured, in the maximum rated RF output power per channel, as declared by the manufacturer. The test shall either be repeated with a wanted signal coupled to the other antenna port, or a single test shall be performed with the specified input signals being simultaneously coupled to both antenna ports.

4.3 Exclusion bands

4.3.1 Receiver exclusion band

The receiver exclusion band extends from the lower frequency of the allocated receiver band minus 20 MHz to the upper frequency of the allocated receiver band plus 20 MHz.

Except for LITRA-FDD Band VIII, where the exclusion band ends 10 MHz above the receiver band edge; LITRA-TDD band 1 900 MHz to 1 920 MHz, where the exclusion band ends 60 MHz above the receiver band edge; and LITRATDD band 2 570 MHz to 2 620 MHz, where the exclusion band ends 70 MHz above the receiver band edge.

The exclusion bands are as set out below:

UTRA/FDD [2]:

Band I 1 900 MHz to 2 000 MHz
Band III 1 690 MHz to 1 805 MHz
Band VII 2 480 MHz to 2 590 MHz
Band VIII 860 MHz to 925 MHz

UTRA/TDD [3] 3 84 Mcns 1 28 Mcns 7 68 Mcns ontions:

1 880 MHz to 1 980 MHz

1 990 MHz to 2 045 MHz

2 550 MHz to 2 690 MHz

5.5 Equipment classification

The provision of EN 301 489-1 [1], clause 5.5 shall apply.

6 Performance criteria

6.1 Performance criteria for continuous phenomena applied to Base Stations (BS) and Repeaters

The BLER calculation shall be based on evaluating the CRC on each transport block.

6.1.1 Base Stations (BS)

During immunity tests of the BS Uplink and Downlink paths the observed BLER shall be less than 1×10^{-2} and the BS shall operate as intended. If the Uplink and Downlink paths are evaluated as one loop then the criteria is less than 2×10^{-2} .

After each test case the BS shall operate as intended with no loss of user control functions or stored data, the communications tink shall be maintained.

6.1.2 Repeaters

The RF gain of the EUT shall be measured throughout the period of exposure to the phenomenon. The RF gain measured during the test shall not deviate from the gain measured before the test by more than ± 1 dB.

At the conclusion of the test the EUT shall operate as intended with no loss of user control functions or stored data.

6.2 Performance criteria for transient phenomena for Base Station (BS) and Repeaters

6.2.1 Base stations (BS)

During immunity tests of the BS Uplink and Downlink paths, the observed BLER may temporarily be greater than 1×10^{-2} . If the Uplink and Downlink paths are evaluated as one loop then the criteria may temporarily be greater than 2×10^{-2} .

After each test case the BS shall operate as intended with no loss of user control functions or stored data, the communications link shall be maintained.

6.2.2 Repeaters

The RF gain of the EUT shall be measured before the test and after each exposure. At the conclusion of each exposure the gain of the EUT shall not have changed by more than ± 1 dB. At the conclusion of the total test comprising the series of individual exposures, the EUT shall operate as intended with no loss of user control functions or stored data, as declared by the manufacturer, and the gain of the EUT shall not have changed by more than ± 1 dB.

6.2.2.1 Repeaters, Performance criteria for voltage dips (> 60 %) and interruptions

Temporary loss of function is allowed, provided that the function is self-recoverable or can be restored by the operation of controls.

F-IITRA [9].

 $FDD \cdot$

1 900 MHz to 2 000 MHz (Rand 1)

1.690 MHz to 1.805 MHz (Band 3)

2 480 MHz to 2 590 MHz (Rand 7)

860 MHz to 925 MHz (Rand 8)

TDD

1 880 MHz to 1940 MHz (Rand 33) 1 990 MHz to 2045 MHz (Rand 34)

2 550 MHz to 2640 MHz (Rand 38) 2 280 MHz to 2420 MHz (Rand 40)

4.4 Narrow band responses of receivers

Responses on receivers or duplex transceivers occurring during the immunity test at discrete frequencies which are narrow band responses (spurious responses), are identified by the following method:

For IITRA.

Left during an immunity test the quantity being monitored goes outside the specified tolerances (see clause 6.1), it is necessary to establish whether the deviation is due to a narrow band response or to a wide band (EMC) phenomenon. Therefore, the test shall be repeated with the unwanted signal frequency increased, and then decreased by Δf:

FDD bands I, III, VII, VIII and TDD option 3,84 Mcps $\Delta f = 10,0 \text{ MHz}$ TDD option 1,28 Mcps $\Delta f = 3,2 \text{ MHz}$ TDD option 7,68 Mcps $\Delta f = 20,0 \text{ MHz}$

- If the deviation disappears in either or both of the above Δf offset cases, then the response is considered as a narrow band response.
- **1** If the deviation does not disappear, this may be due to the fact that the offset has made the frequency of the unwanted signal correspond to the frequency of another narrow band response. Under these circumstances the procedure is repeated with the increase and decrease of the frequency of the unwanted signal set to Δf_1 ;

FDD bands I, III, VII, VIII and TDD option 3,84 Mcps $\Delta f_1 = 12.5 \text{ MHz}$ TDD option 1,28 Mcps $\Delta f_1 = 4.0 \text{ MHz}$ TDD option 7,68 Mcps $\Delta f_1 = 25.0 \text{ MHz}$

If the deviation does not disappear with the increased and/or decreased frequency, the phenomenon is considered wide hand and therefore an EMC problem and the equipment fails the test

For F-HTRA.

- If during an immunity test the quantity being monitored goes outside the specified tolerances (clause 6.1), it is necessary to establish whether the deviation is due to a narrow hand response or to a wide hand (EMC) phenomenon. Therefore, the test shall be repeated with the unwanted signal frequency increased, and then decreased by 2 x BW_{Channel} MHz, where BW_{Channel} is the channel handwidth as defined in TS 136 104 [8].
- If the deviation disappears in either or both of the above 2 x BW_{Channel} MHz offset cases, then the response is considered as a narrow band response.
- If the deviation does not disappear, this may be due to the fact that the offset has made the frequency of the unwanted signal correspond to the frequency of another narrow band response. Under these circumstances the procedure is repeated with the increase and decrease of the frequency of the unwanted signal set to 2.5 x.

 BW_{Channel} MHz
- If the deviation does not disappear with the increased and/or decreased frequency, the phenomenon is considered wide band and therefore an EMC problem and the equipment fails the test.

6.3 Performance criteria for ancillary equipment tested on a stand alone basis

The provision of EN 301 489-1 [1], clause 6.4 shall apply. In addition, the provisions of clauses 6.3.1 and 6.3.2 of the present document shall apply.

6.3.1 Performance criteria for continuous phenomena for ancillary equipment

The EUT shall continue to operate as intended during and after the test. No degradation of performance or loss of function is allowed below the performance level specified by the manufacturer, when the apparatus is used as intended. The performance level may be replaced by a permissible performance loss. If the minimum performance level or the permissible performance loss is not specified by the manufacturer, either of these may be derived from the product description and documentation and what the user may reasonably expect from the apparatus if used as intended.

6.3.2 Performance criteria for transient phenomena for ancillary equipment

The EUT shall continue to operate as intended after the test. No degradation of performance or loss of function is allowed below the performance level specified by the manufacturer, when the apparatus is used as intended. The performance level may be replaced by a permissible performance loss. During the test, degradation of performance is however allowed. If the minimum performance level or the permissible performance loss is not specified by the manufacture, either of these may be derived from the product description and documentation and what the user may reasonably expect from the apparatus if used as intended.

7 Applicability overview tables

7.1 Emission

7.1.1 General

EN 301 489-1 [1], table ⊋ contains the applicability of EMC emission measurements to the relevant ports of radio and/or associated ancillary equipment.

7.1.2 Special conditions

The following special conditions set out in table $\frac{2}{5}$, relate to the emission test methods used in the EN 301 489-1 [1], clause 8.

Table 2: Special conditions for EMC emission measurements

Reference to clauses in EN 301 489-1 [1]		d conditions, additions ons in EN 301 489-1	onal to or modifying the test [1], clause 8
0.3 DC power input/output ports	For this type of equipme	nt the limits below app	oly.
8.3.3 Limits	Frequency range	Quasi-peak	Average
	0,15 MHz to 0,5 MHz	79 dBµV	66 dBµV
	> 0,5 MHz to 30 MHz	73 dBµV	60 dBµV

Narrow band responses are disregarded.

4.5 Normal test modulation

A communication link shall be set up with a suitable base station system test equipment.

For UTRA

The normal test modulation should be a bearer with the characteristics of data rate shown in table 1.

If the test is not performed using one of these bearers, (for example none of them are supported by the BS), the characteristics of the bearer used shall be declared by the manufacturer and recorded in the test report.

Table 1: Bearer information data rate

Bearer Information		
Data Rate		
12,2 kbit/s		
64 kbit/s		
144 kbit/s		
384 kbit/s		

For F-UTRA

The normal test modulation should be a hearer with the characteristics of data rate shown in table 2

If the test is not performed using one of these bearers, (for example none of them are supported by the RS), the characteristics of the bearer used shall be declared by the manufacturer and recorded in the test report.

Table 2: Rearer information data rate

F-UTRA Chang	Channel Rearer Information Data		
Bandwidth [MI	lz] Rate		
1_4	FRC A1-1 in clause A 1		
	in TS 136 104 [8]		
3	FRC A1-2 in clause A 1		
	in TS 136 104 [8]		
<u>5</u>	FRC A1-3 in clause A 1		
	in TS 136 104 [8]		
<u>10</u>	FRC A1-3 in clause A 1		
	in TS 136 104 [8] (see note)		
<u>15</u>	FRC A1-3 in clause A 1		
	in TS 136 104 [8] (see note)		
<u>20</u>	FRC A1-3 in clause A 1		
	in TS 136 104 [8] (see note)		
NOTE: This is	This is the information data rate of a single		
instand	instance of the hearer mapped to		
25 res	25 resource blocks. The performance		
criteria	criteria shall be met for each consecutive		
applica	application of a single instance of the		
hearer	bearer manned to disjoint frequency ranges		
with a	with a width of 25 resource blocks each		

7.2 Immunity

7.2.1 General

EN 301 489-1 [1], table 3, contains the applicability of EMC immunity measurements to the relevant ports of radio and/or associated ancillary equipment.

7.2.2 Special conditions

The following special conditions set out in table $\frac{3}{2}$ relate to the immunity test configurations set out in EN 301 489-1 [1], clause 9.1.

Table 3: Special conditions for EMC immunity measurements

Reference to clauses in EN 301 489-1 [1]	Special product-related conditions, additional to or modifying the test configuration in EN 301 489-1 [1], clause 9.1
9.1 Test configuration	Immunity tests on the entire base station shall be performed by establishing communication links at the air-interface, e.g. with the mobile simulator, and the lub-interface, e.g. with an RNC simulator, and evaluating the BLER. Immunity tests shall be performed on both the Uplink and Downlink paths. The tests shall also include both the air-interface and lub-interface. BLER evaluation may be carried out at either interface, where appropriate, and the measurements for the Uplink and Downlink paths may be carried out as a single path looped at either the air-interface or lub-interface. In case of looping is used care has to be taken that the BLER information does not change due to looping. The BLER evaluation shall be based on the number of transmitted blocks i.e. including possible deleted blocks. Mobile Simulator RNC Simulator Si

5 Performance assessment

5.1 General

The provision of EN 301 489-1 [1], clause 5.1 shall apply with the following modifications:

The information about the bandwidth of the IF amplifier immediately preceding the demodulator as set out in EN 301 489-1 [1], clause 5.1 is not applicable for radio equipment in the scope of the present document.

5.2 Equipment which can provide a continuous communication link

The provision of EN 301 489-1 [1], clause 5.2 shall apply.

5.2.1 Assessment of BLER/Throughput in Downlink

For UTRA (RLER).

In order to assess the BLER of the bearer used during the immunity tests, the output of the transmitter shall be connected to an equipment which meets the requirements for the BLER assessment of TS 125 101 [4] in case of FDD and TS 125 102 [5] in case of TDD.

The level of the signal supplied to the equipment should be within the range for which the assessment of BLER is not impaired. Power control shall be off during the immunity testing.

For E-IITRA (Throughnut).

The output of the transmitter shall be connected to an equipment which meet the requirements for the throughput assessment of TS 136 101 [7] for the bearer used in the immunity tests. The level of the signal supplied to the equipment should be within the range for which the assessment of throughput is not impaired. Power control shall be off during the immunity testing

5.2.2 Assessment of BLFR/Throughput in Uplink

For UTRA (RLFR).

The value of the BLER at the output of the receiver reported by the BS shall be monitored at the Jub interface by using a suitable test equipment.

For E-UTRA (Throughnut).

The value of the throughput at the output of the receiver shall be monitored at \$1 interface by using suitable test equipment.

5.2.3 Assessment of RF gain variations of repeaters

The parameter used for the performance assessment of a repeater is the RF gain within the operating frequency band.

5.3 Equipment which does not provide a continuous communication link

The provision of EN 301 489-1 [1], clause 5.3 shall apply.

5.4 Ancillary equipment

The provision of EN 301 489-1 [1], clause 5.4 shall apply.

Annex A (informative):

Examples of base station radio equipment for digital cellular radio telecommunications systems within the scope of the present document

The present document covers types of base station digital cellular radio telecommunications equipment as set out below.

A.1 Base station equipment for IMT-2000 CDMA Direct Spread (UTRA)

The present document applies to 3rd Generation Partnership Project (UTRA) radio equipment intended for use in digital cellular mobile radio services. Definitions for base station equipment within the scope of the present document are found in the following functional radio specification:

- ETSI TS 125 104: "Universal Mobile Telecommunications System (UMTS); UTRA (BS) FDD; Radio transmission and Reception (3GPP TS 25.104)",
- ETSLTS 125 105: "Universal Mobile Telecommunications System (UMTS); UTRA (BS) TDD; Radio transmission and Reception (3GPP TS 25.105)",
- ETSI TS 125 106: "Universal Mobile Telecommunications System (UMTS); UTRA Repeater Radio transmission and Reception (3GPP TS 25.106)".

5.5 Equipment classification

The provision of EN 301 489-1 [1], clause 5.5 shall apply.

6 Performance criteria

6.1 Performance criteria for continuous phenomena applied to Base Stations and Repeaters

6.1.1 Base Stations (BS)

For HTRA.

The BLER calculation shall be based on evaluating the CRC on each transport block.

During immunity tests of the BS Uplink and Downlink paths the observed BLER shall be less than 1×10^{-2} and the BS shall operate as intended. If the Uplink and Downlink paths are evaluated as one loop then the criteria is less than 2×10^{-2} .

After each test case the BS shall operate as intended with no loss of user control functions or stored data, the communications link shall be maintained.

For F-IITRA.

The test should, where possible, he performed using a hearer with the characteristics of data rate and throughput defined in table 3. If the test is not performed using one of these hearers (for example, of none of them are supported by the RS), the characteristics of the hearer used shall be recorded in the test report.

The throughput in table 3 is stated relative to the maximum throughput of the FRC. The maximum throughput for an FRC is equal to the payload size × the number of uplink subframes per second.

The RS Uplink and Downlink paths shall each meet the performance criteria defined in table 3 during the test. If the Uplink and Downlink paths are evaluated as a one loop then the criteria is two times the throughput reduction shown in table 3 After each test case RS shall operate as intended with no loss of user control function, stored data and the communication link shall be maintained.

Annex B (informative): The EN title in the official languages

Language	EN title
Bulgarian	Електроматнитна съвместимост и выпроси на радиоспектъра (ERM). Електроматнитна
	оъвместимост (ЕМС) на радиосъоръжения и служби. Част 23: Специфични условия за радио ,
	ретранелаторни и спомагателни съоръжения за СВМА базова станция (ВС) с директно разлят
	спектър (UTRA), сыгласно IMT-2000
Czech	Elektromagnetická kompatibilita a rádiové spektrum (ERM) - Norma pro elektromagnetickou
020011	kompatibilitu (EMC) rádiových zařízení a služeb – Část 20: Specifické podmínky pro rádiové zařízení,
	opakovač a přidružené zařízení základnové stanice (BS) pro CDMA s přímým rozprostřením, IMT
	2000 (UTRA)
Daniele	Elektromagnetisk kompatibilitet og radiospektrumanliggender (ERM), Elektromagnetisk kompatibilitet
Danish	(EMC) standard for radioudetyr og tjonester; Del 23: Særlige krav til IMT 2000 CDMA direkte opredt
	(LITDA) for he significant (DC) and in significant (LITDA) for he significant (DC) and in significant (DC) and in significant (LITDA) for he
Dutak	(UTRA) for basisstation (BC) radio, relæ og hjælpeudstyr
Dutch	Elektromagnetische compatibiliteit en radiospectrumaangelegenheden (ERM) ;Elektromagnetische
	compatibiliter(LMO) norm voor radio apparatuur en diensten. Deel 29 specifieke condities voor
	IMT-2000 CDMA Direct Spread (UTRA) Dasis station (DS) radio, versterker en bijbehorende
	apparatuur
English	Electromagnetic compatibility and Radio spectrum Matters (ERM), ElectroMagnetic Compatibility
	(EMC) standard for radio equipment and services; Part 23: Specific conditions for IMT 2000 CBMA
	Direct Spread (UTRA) Base Station (BS) radio, repeater and ancillary equipment
Estonian	Elektromagnetilise ühilduvuse ja raadiospektri küsimused (ERM), Raadioseadmete ja
	raadiooideteenistuete elektromagnetilise ühilduvuse (EMC) etandard; Osa 23: Eritingimused IMT 2000
	otsese hajutamisega CDMA (UTRA) baasjaamale (BC), repiiterile ja nende lisaseadmetele
Finnish	Gähkömagneettinen yhteensepivuus ja radiospektriasiat (ERM); Gähkömagneettinen
	yhteensopivuusstandardi radiolaitteille ja järjestelmille, Osa 23. Erityisehdot IMT-2000 CDMA
	suorasekvenssihajaspektritekriikkaa käyttäville matkaviestirijärjestelmien tukiasemalaitteille,
	toistinlaitteille ja lisälaitteille
French	Compatibilité Electromagnétique et spectre radioélectrique (ERM) équipements radio et services
TOTION	Partie 23 : conditions spécifiques pour IMT 2000 CDMA en distribution directe (UTRA) Ctation de
	1 (50) (() () () ()
0	base (DD) repeteur et equipements auxiliaires
German	Elektromagnetische Verträglichkeit und Funkspektrumsangelegenheiten (ERM); Elektromagnetische
	Verträglichkeit (EMV) für Funkgeräte und Funkdienste; Teil 23: Spezielle Anforderungen für IMT 2000
	GBMA Direct Spread (UTRA) Basisstationen (BS), Repeater und Zusatzeinrichtungen
Greek	Ηλεκτρομαγνητική Συμβατότητα και Θέματα Ραδιοφάσματος (ΕΡΜ) Πρότυπο Ηλεκτρομαγνητικής
	Συμβατότητας (ΕΜΟ) για ραδιοεξοπλισμό και ραδιοϋπηρεσίες - Μέρος 20: Είδιες συνθήκες για
	ραδιοεξοπλισμό σταθμού βάσης, επαναλήπτη και βοηθητικό εξοπλισμό ΙΜΤ-2000 CDMA Άμεσης
	Εξάπλωσης (UTRA)
Hungarian	Elektromágneses összeférhetőségi és rádióspektrumügyek (ERM). Rádióberendezések és
	szolgálatok elektromágneses összeférhetőségi (EMC) szabványa. 23. rész: Az IMT 2000 CDMA
	közvetten kiterjesztésű (UTRA) rendszerű bázisállomási (BO) rádió-, átjátszó és segédberendezések
	eajátee feltételei
leclandie	Þættir sem varða rafsegulaviðssemhæfi og fjorskiptatíðni (ERM). Staðall um rafsegulaviðssemhæfi
	(EMC) fyrir þráðlausan fjarskiptabúnað og þjónustu; 23. hluti: Sérstök skilyrði um IMT 2000 CDMA
	Direct Spread (UTRA) fastastöðvar (BS), magnara og aukabúnað
Italian	Compatibilità elettromagnetica e Questioni relative allo spettro delle radiofrequenze (ERM); Norma di
Ttanari	Compatibilità elettromagnetica (EMO) per apparecchiature e servizi radio, Part 29. Condizioni
	specifiche per stazioni radio base, ripetitori e apparecchiature ausiliarie per IMT 2000 GDMA Direct
Latvian	Cpread (UTRA) Elektromagnetiska saderiba un radiofrekveneu spektra jautajumi (ERM). Radioiekartu un pakalpojumu
Latvian	elektromagnetiska sademba dir radionekvened spektra jadtajumi (Ertin). Nadionekarta dir paktajojumi
	elektromagnetiskas saderibas (EMC) standarts, 29. dala: Ipašie nosacijumi IMT-2000, tiešas secibas
I idla i a	CDMA (UTRA) bazes staciju (DC) radio, retranslatoriem un paligiericem
Lithuanian	Elektromagnetinio suderinamumo ir radijo dažnių spektro dalykai. Radijo ryšio įrangos ir paslaugų
	elektromagnetinie suderinamume (EMS) standartas. 23 dalis. Trešiosios kartes kerinių tinklų IMT 2000
	CDMA tiesioginės sklaidos (UTRA) bazinių stočių (DO) radijo ryšio, kartotuvų ir pagalbinės įrangos
	Specialiosios sąlygos
Maltese	Kompatibilità elettromanjetika u materji relatati mal spettru radjofoniku (ERM), Standard tal
	Kompatibilità ElettroManjetika (EMC) ghal taghmir u servizzi radjofonici; Parti 23: Kondizzjonijiet
	specifici ghal radju ta' Stazzjon Bażi (BS) b'Tifrix Dirett IMT 2000 CDMA (UTRA), ripetitur u taghmir
	ancillari Standard EMO li jkopri diversi partijiet ghal taghmir radjofoniku EN 301 409-XX (Il-partijiet
	kollha)
	T A

Table 3: BS Performance Criteria for continuous phenomena for BS

Randwidth [MHz] Rate (see note 1.4 FRC A1-1 in clause A.1 Throughput > 95 %			
in TS 136 104 [8] No loss of service			
3 FRC A1-2 in clause A 1 Throughput > 95 %			
in TS 136 104 [8] No loss of service			
5 FRC A1-3 in clause A 1 Throughput > 95 %			
in TS 136 104 [8] No loss of service			
10 FRC A1-3 in clause A 1 Throughput > 95 %			
in TS 136 104 [8] No loss of service			
(see note 3)			
15 FRC A1-3 in clause A 1 Throughput > 95 %	1		
in TS 136 104 [8] No loss of service			
(see note 3)			
20 FRC A1-3 in clause A 1 Throughput > 95 %			
in TS 136 104 [8] No loss of service			
(see note 3)			
NOTE 1: The performance criteria, Throughput > 95 % / No loss of sen	vice, applies also if a		
bearer with another characteristics is used in the test	hearer with another characteristics is used in the test		
NOTE 2: The performance criteria. Throughput > 90 % / No loss of services.	The performance criteria. Throughput > 90 % / No loss of service, applies instead		
if the Uplink and Downlink paths are evaluated as a one loop.	if the Uplink and Downlink paths are evaluated as a one loop.		
	This is the information data rate of a single instance of the hearer mapped to 25		
·	resource blocks. The performance criteria shall be met for each consecutive		
application of a single instance of the hearer mapped to disjoin	nt frequency ranges		
with a width of 25 resource blocks each.	with a width of 25 resource blocks each.		

6.1.2 Repeaters

The RF gain of the EUT shall be measured throughout the period of exposure to the phenomenon. The RF gain measured during the test shall not deviate from the gain measured before the test by more than ± 1 dB.

At the conclusion of the test the EUT shall operate as intended with no loss of user control functions or stored data.

6.2 Performance criteria for transient phenomena for Base Station and Repeaters

6.2.1 Base stations (BS)

For IITRA.

During immunity tests of the BS Uplink and Downlink paths the observed BLER shall be less than 1×10^{-2} and the BS shall operate as intended. If the Uplink and Downlink paths are evaluated as one loop then the criteria is greater than 2×10^{-2}

For F-HTRA.

The test should, where possible, he performed using a hearer with the characteristics of data rate and throughput defined in table 4. If the test is not performed using one of these hearers (for example, of none of them are supported by the RS), the characteristics of the hearer used shall be recorded in the test report.

The throughput in table 4 is stated relative to the maximum throughput of the FRC. The maximum throughput for an FRC is equal to the payload size × the number of uplink subframes per second.

The RS Uplink and Downlink paths shall each meet the performance criteria defined in table 4 during the test. If the Uplink and Downlink paths are evaluated as a one loop then the criteria is two times the throughput reduction shown in table 4.

Language	EN title
Norwegian	Elektromagnetisk kompatibilitet og radiospektrumsaker (ERM), Elektromagnetisk kompatibilitet (EMC) standard for radio utsyr og tjenester; Del 23: Spesifikke vilkår for IMT 2000 CDMA direkte spredt (UTRA) basestasjon (BO) radio, repeatere og lignende utstyr
Polish	Kompatybilność elektromagnetyczna i zagadnienia widma radiowego (ERM) – Norma kompatybilności elektromagnetycznej (EMC) dla urządzeń i systemów radiowych – Ozęść 23: Wymagania szczególowe dla urządzeń radiowych i wyposażenia dodatkowego stacji bazowych (BS) i retransmisyjnych systemu IMT 2000 CDMA z bezpośrednim rozproszeniem widma (UTRA)
Portuguese	Assuntos de Espectro Radioeléctrico e Compatibilidade Electromagnética (ERM); Norma de Compatibilidade Electromagnética (CEM) para equipamentos de rádio e serviços; Parte 29: Condições específicas para Estações de Base (BS), Repetidor e equipamentos auxiliares do IMT 2000 CDMA Espalhamento Directo (UTRA)
Remanian	Gempatibilitate electromagnetică și probleme ale spectrului radio (ERM). Standard de compatibilitate electromagnetică (CEM) pentru echipamente radio și servicii. Partea 23: Gondiții specifice pentru stații de bază (DS), stații repetoare și echipamente auxiliare pentru IMT2000 CDMA cu împrăștiere directă (UTRA)
Clevak	Elektromagnetieká kompatibilita a záležitesti rádievého spektra (ERM). Elektromagnetieká kompatibilita (EMC), norma na rádiové zariadenia a služby. Časť 23. Osobitné podmienky na základňovú stanicu (DS), opakovač a podporné zariadenia IMT-2000 CDMA s priamym rozprestretím (UTRA)
Clevenian	Elektromagnetna združljivost in zadeve v zvezi z radijskim spektrom (ERM) – Standard elektromagnetne združljivosti (EMG) za radijsko opremo in storitve – 23. del: Posebni pogoji za radijsko, ponavljalniško (repetitorsko) in pomožno opremo baznih postaj (BO) po standardu IMT-2000 s GDMA (kodno porazdeljenim sedestopom) in neposredno modulacijo po razpršenem spektru ("Direct Gpread") (UTRA – prizemni dostop do UMTS)
Spanish	Gempatibilidad electromagnética y euestiones de espectro de radiofrecuencia (ERM); compatibilidad electromagnética (EMC) estándar para equipos radio y servicios; parte 29: Condiciones especificas para IMT 2000 CDMA Emisión directa (ULTRA) Estaciones de Base (BS) radio repetideres y equipos auxiliares
Cwedish	Elektromagnetisk kompatibilitet och radiospektrumfrågor (ERM); Elektromagnetisk kompatibilitetsstandard (EMC) för radioutrustning och tjänster; Del 29. Specifika villkor för IMT-2000 CDMA direktspridning (UTRA) för basstationer, repeatrar och övrig utrustning

Table 4: RS Performance Criteria for transient phenomena for RS

F-UTRA Channel	Rearer Information Performance Criteria		
Bandwidth [MHz]	Data Rate	(see notes 1 and 2)	
1.4	FRC A1-1 in clause A 1	Throughput < 95 % temporarily	
	in TS 136 104 [8]	however the communication link	
		shall be maintained	
3	FRC A1-2 in clause A 1	Throughput < 95 % temporarily,	
	in TS 136 104 [8]	however the communication link	
		shall he maintained	
5_	FRC A1-3 in clause A 1	Throughput < 95 % temporarily	
	in TS 136 104 [8]	however the communication link	
		shall be maintained	
10	FRC A1-3 in clause A 1	Throughout < 95 % temporarily	
	in TS 136 104 [8]	however the communication link	
	(see note 3)	shall he maintained	
<u>15</u>	FRC A1-3 in clause A 1	Throughput < 95 % temporarily,	
	in TS 136 104 [8]	however the communication link	
	(see note 3)	shall he maintained	
20	FRC A1-3 in clause A 1	Throughput < 95 % temporarily	
	in TS 136 104 [8]	however the communication link	
	(see note 3)	shall he maintained	
NOTE 1. The performance criteria. Throughput < 95 % temporarily / however the			
communication link shall be maintained, applies also if a hearer with			
another cha	another characteristics is used in the test		
NOTE 2: The perform	2: The performance criteria. Throughput < 90 % temporarily / however the		
communicat	communication link shall be maintained applies instead if the Uplink and		
Downlink pa	Downlink paths are evaluated as a one loop		
NOTE 3. This is the in	formation data rate of a s	ingle instance of the hearer	
mapped to 2	5 resource blocks. The pe	erformance criteria shall be met for	
each consec	each consecutive application of a single instance of the hearer mapped		
to disjoint fre	to disjoint frequency ranges with a width of 25 resource blocks each		

After each test case the BS shall operate as intended with no loss of user control functions or stored data, the communications link shall be maintained.

6.2.2 Repeaters

The RF gain of the EUT shall be measured before the test and after each exposure. At the conclusion of each exposure the gain of the EUT shall not have changed by more than ± 1 dB. At the conclusion of the total test comprising the series of individual exposures, the EUT shall operate as intended with no loss of user control functions or stored data, as declared by the manufacturer, and the gain of the EUT shall not have changed by more than ± 1 dB.

6.2.2.1 Repeaters, Performance criteria for voltage dips (> 60 %) and interruptions

Temporary loss of function is allowed, provided that the function is self-recoverable or can be restored by the operation of controls.

6.3 Performance criteria for ancillary equipment tested on a stand alone basis

The provision of EN 301 489-1 [1], clause 6.4 shall apply. In addition, the provisions of clauses 6.3.1 and 6.3.2 of the present document shall apply.

Annex C (informative): Bibliography

- ETSI TS 125 104. "Universal Mobile Telecommunications System (UMTS), UTRA (DS) FDD, Radio transmission and Reception (3GPP TS 25.104)".
- ETSI TS 125 105: "Universal Mobile Telecommunications System (UMTS); UTRA (DS) TDD; Radio transmission and Reception (3GPP TS 25.105)".
- ETSLTS 125 106: "Universal Mobile Telecommunications System (UMTS); UTRA Repeater Radio transmission and Reception (3GPP TS 25.106)".

6.3.1 Performance criteria for continuous phenomena for ancillary equipment

The EUT shall continue to operate as intended during and after the test. No degradation of performance or loss of function is allowed below the performance level specified by the manufacturer, when the apparatus is used as intended. The performance level may be replaced by a permissible performance loss. If the minimum performance level or the permissible performance loss is not specified by the manufacturer, either of these may be derived from the product description and documentation and what the user may reasonably expect from the apparatus if used as intended.

6.3.2 Performance criteria for transient phenomena for ancillary equipment

The EUT shall continue to operate as intended after the test. No degradation of performance or loss of function is allowed below the performance level specified by the manufacturer, when the apparatus is used as intended. The performance level may be replaced by a permissible performance loss. During the test, degradation of performance is however allowed. If the minimum performance level or the permissible performance loss is not specified by the manufacture, either of these may be derived from the product description and documentation and what the user may reasonably expect from the apparatus if used as intended.

7 Applicability overview tables

7.1 Emission

7.1.1 General

EN 301 489-1 [1], table 1 contains the applicability of EMC emission measurements to the relevant ports of radio and/or associated ancillary equipment.

7.1.2 Special conditions

The following special conditions set out in table 5, relate to the emission test methods used in the EN 301 489-1 [1], clause 8.

Table 5: Special conditions for EMC emission measurements

Reference to clauses in EN 301 489-1 [1]	Special product-related conditions, additional to or modifying the test conditions in EN 301 489-1 [1], clause 8		
8.3 DC power input/output ports	For this type of equipme	For this type of equipment the limits below apply.	
833 Limits	Frequency range	Quasi-peak	Average
	0,15 MHz to 0,5 MHz	79 dBµV	66 dBµV
	> 0,5 MHz to 30 MHz	73 dBµV	60 dBμV

7.2 Immunity

7.2.1 General

EN 301 489-1 [1], table 2, contains the applicability of EMC immunity measurements to the relevant ports of radio and/or associated ancillary equipment.

History

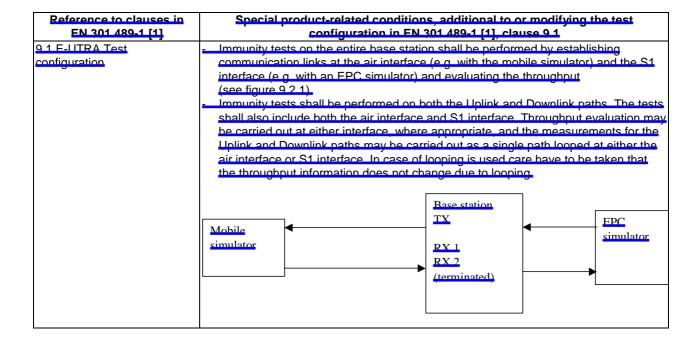
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7.2.2 Special conditions

The following special conditions set out in table 6 relate to the immunity test configurations set out in EN 301 489-1 [1], clause 9.1.

Table 6: Special conditions for EMC immunity measurements

Reference to clauses in EN 301 489-1 [1]	Special product-related conditions, additional to or modifying the test configuration in EN 301 489-1 [1], clause 9.1	
9.1 LITRA Test configuration	Immunity tests on the entire base station shall be performed by establishing communication links at the air-interface, e.g. with the mobile simulator, and the lub-interface, e.g. with an RNC simulator, and evaluating the BLER. Immunity tests shall be performed on both the Uplink and Downlink paths. The tests shall also include both the air-interface and lub-interface. BLER evaluation may be carried out at either interface, where appropriate, and the measurements for the Uplink and Downlink paths may be carried out as a single path looped at either the air-interface or lub-interface. In case of looping is used care has to be taken that the BLER information does not change due to looping. The BLER evaluation shall be based on the number of transmitted blocks i.e. including possible deleted blocks.	
	Mobile simulator RX 1 RX 2 (terminated) RNC simulator	



Annex A (informative):

Examples of base station radio equipment for digital cellular radio telecommunications systems within the scope of the present document

The present document covers types of base station digital cellular radio telecommunications equipment as set out below.

A.1 Base station equipment for IMT-2000 CDMA Direct Spread (UTRA)

The present document applies to 3rd Generation Partnership Project (UTRA) radio equipment intended for use in digital cellular mobile radio services. Definitions for base station equipment within the scope of the present document are found in the following functional radio specification:

- TS 125 104 [i 3]:
- TS 125 105 [i 4]:
- TS 125 106 [i 5]

A 2 Base station equipment for Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access(E-UTRA)

The present document applies to 3rd Generation Partnership Project (UTRA) radio equipment intended for use in digital cellular mobile radio services. Definitions for base station equipment within the scope of the present document are found in the following functional radio specification:

- base sations of F-LITRA meeting the requirements of TS 136 104 [8], with conformance demonstrated by compliance to TS 136 141 [9];
- repeaters of F-UTRA meeting the requirements of TS 136 106 [i 1], with conformance demonstrated by compliance to TS 136 143 [i 2].

Annex B (informative): The FN title in the official languages

The enlargement of the European Union (EU) resulted in a requirement from the EU for a larger number of languages for the translation of the titles of Harmonized Standards and mandated ENs that are to be listed in the Official Journal to support the implementation of this legislation.

For this reason the title translation concerning the present document can be consulted via the e-approval application.

History

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