

End to End Wideband speech quality enhancements

Enterprise Environment

Abdelkrim Moulehiawy (abdelkrim.moulehiawy@alcatel-lucent.fr)

Moulay Fadili (Moulay.Fadili@alcatel-lucent.fr)

Gerald Lecuq (Gerald.Lecuq@alcatel-lucent.fr)

Alcatel-Lucent Alcatel-Lucent

EBG / Enterprise Solution Division

32, AV. Kleber 92707 Colombes France

© ETSI 2007. All rights reserved

Workshop on Speech and Noise in Wideband Communication - May 2007

Agenda

- ☐ Introduction
- ☐ Enterprises communication Environment
 - IP PBX
 - Terminals
 - Networks
- ☐ Narrow Band VoIP Enhancements
 - Signal issues
 - Network issues
 - Diagnostic tools
- ☐ Wide Band VoIP Enhancements
- ☐ Conclusion



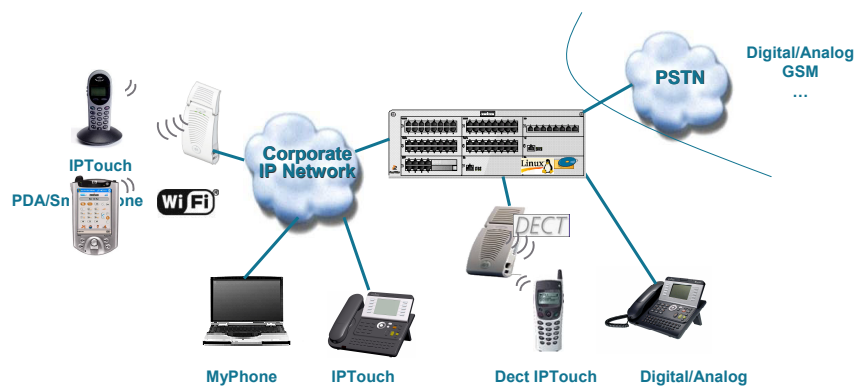
Workshop on Speech and Noise in Wideband Communication - May 2007

2

Introduction

- ❑ **Objectives of this presentation are to :**
 - **provide some background on the Alcatel-Lucent VoIP telephony Solutions for Enterprises.**
 - **Give an overview of VoIP quality issues encountered from the field.**
 - **Show how the voice quality issues were enhanced and fixed including troubleshooting aspects**
- ❑ **Finally give some Guidance on QoS enhancements foreseen for Wideband class in Enterprises environment.**

Alcatel-Lucent Omnipcx



Enterprise IP Telephony

□ Alcatel-Lucent Enterprise End Users

- Wire lines
 - Proprietary Digital & Analog
 - HW IP phones IPTouch
 - MyPhone (PCs, Laptops)
- Wireless
 - Dect
 - WIFI
 - IPTouch
 - Smart phones
 - PDAs
 - Laptops
- External access
 - Internet
 - Digital (E1/T1)
 - Analog trunk
 - GSM
 - IP Trunking

Workshop on Speech and Noise in Wideband Communication - May 2007

5

e2e Degradation factors and Origins

	Network	Signal Processing	Environmental
Delay (echo perception & Double Talk)	✓	✓ ¹	
Delay Variation	✓	✓ ²	
Packet Loss	✓		
Signal Distortion	✓	✓	
Back ground Noise			✓
Acoustic			✓
Music			✓
Tandeming	✓		
Bandwidth Optimization		✓	
DTMF Relay (Bad Digit)		✓	
DTMF Relay (Double Digit)		✓	
Fax Relay (Tones misclassification)		✓	

Note 1: Due Essentially to codecs (packetization, look a head, processing)

Note 2: Non real Time Operating Systems I.e. SoftPhones

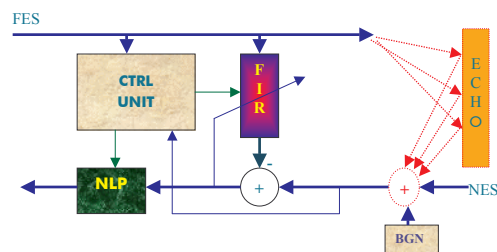
Workshop on Speech and Noise in Wideband Communication - May 2007

6

Solution Functions

	Function	Gateway	Terminal	Complexity
Delay echo perception & Double Talk)	Echo cancellation	✓	✓	High
Delay Variation	Dynamic De-jittering	✓	✓	Medium
Packet Loss	Packet loss concealment	✓	✓	Medium
Signal Distortion	Waveform fitter, AGC	✓	✓	Low
Back ground Noise	Noise Reduction, CNG	✓	✓	High
Acoustic	AEC, AGC, Equalization	✓	✓	Medium
Music	classification enhancement	✓		Medium
Tandeming	TFO	✓		Low
Bandwidth Optimization	Low bitrates codecs, VAD	✓	✓	High/Medium
DTMF Relay (Bad Digit)	Voice Immunity	✓		Medium
DTMF Relay (Double Digit)	Enhanced PLC	✓		Medium
Fax Relay (Tones misclassification)	classification enhancement	✓		Medium

Echo Cancellation



FES: Far End Signal
 NES: Near End Signal
 BGN: Back ground Noise
 NLP: Non Linear Processing

Echo Cancellation

- ❑ Alcatel-Lucent Echo Cancellation
 - **enhanced High Performance Echo Cancellation 128ms**
 - designed to remove echo up to 128ms echo tail.
 - It runs on Media Gateway DSP & PC platforms
 - Embedded Signal metrics & diagnostic tools
 - Tests
 - G.168 2004 full compliance as minimum requirement
 - Subjective tests
 - Noise based tests (ALU Database)
 - **Robust Double Talk Detection & NLP**
 - Included in the echo cancellation module
 - Tests
 - Objective tests (based on the signals correlation)
 - Subjective stress tests : voice clipping, background noise

Echo Cancellation (Cont'd)

- ❑ Alcatel-Lucent Echo Control for Low-end terminals
 - **AEC**
 - Designed to Removes acoustic echoes up to 400ms
 - Robust to signal distortion (Low end equipment)
 - Low complexity (Smart phones, PDAs ...)
 - Subjective Tests
 - Echo
 - Double talk situations
 - Signal levels

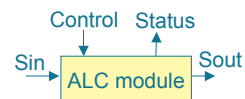
Echo Cancellation WB evolution

□ Echo Cancellation:

- Use of Bi band decomposition for Medium complexity
 - Each band is processed mainly like a NB version
 - Extra delay is introduced by the decomposition and synthesis filtering
- Adaptation of the existing EC
 - Filtering coefficients size
 - Extra consumption : ~ 4 * MIPS more than NB
 - Double Talk Detection & NLP
 - Noise analysis/Comfort noise generation
- Diagnostic tools: idem to NB
- Characterization :
 - Which standard? G.168++ for network and G.167? For terminals
 - Objective and subjective tests

Signal Enhancement

□ Automatic Level Control (ALC)

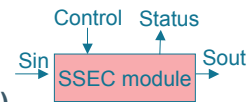


- The ALC is a speech processing network module that belongs to voice enhancement devices (VED)
- Automatic level control algorithm is designed to work in conjunction with the system echo canceller
- The goal of the desired ALC is to adapt the gain of the signal if its energy is too high (above a defined upper threshold)
- the ALC algorithm should only modify gain during speech periods and keep the gain unchanged during silence period: (it includes a VAD)
- Compliant with G169 recommendation
- Objective (ALU proprietary) and subjective tests done with/without echo canceller

□ WB Portability

- The included VAD to be adapted
- Testability : G.169 + ?

Signal Enhancement (cont'd)



□ Signal Saturation Effect Cancellation (SSEC)

- The SSEC is a signal processing module that removes saturation effects
- The SSEC includes an ALC (AGC) and a Saturated Sample Cancellation module (SSC)
 - The ALC (AGC) reduces the signal level if necessary.
 - The SSC removes each saturated sample and replaces it with its linear prediction
- The SSEC reduces the non linearity introduced by the saturation
- Improves subjective voice quality
- Improves the echo cancellation quality and stability

□ WB Portability

- A VAD is included in the AGC block
- Testability :
 - Subjective tests
 - Objective tests to check impacts on the Echo Cancellation

Tones Detection & generation

□ Tones Detection WB portability

- Modules can be recoded to detect tones in WB
- Use of down sampling
 - The input signal can be down sampled by 2,
 - and the detection will be done on the 0-4kHz band using modules of NB.

□ Tones Generation WB Portability

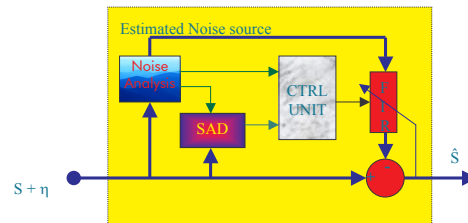
- Modules can be recoded to detect tones in WB
- Use of up sampling method
 - Generate tones on the 0-4kHz band using NB modules
 - And up sample the generated signal by 2

□ Testability :

- Test equipment must be WB compliant.
- Objective tests to check impacts on the Echo Cancellation

Noise Reduction

□ The ALCATEL-LUCENT Noise reduction



- Avoid extra delay processing
- Extract estimated noise source from the input signal
- WB Portability :
 - Noise analysis to be recoded
 - Adaptive filter to be adjusted
- WB testability

Network perturbation

□ PLC

- Packets loss during transmission is due to network errors, route changes, link failures or routers congestion
- PLC generates a synthetic voice signal to replace missing packets
 - PLC is built in G.723 and G.729 Codec
 - for G.711, Annex 1 describes the PLC
- WB CODECs include PLC

Bandwidth optimization

- ❑ Voice Activity Detection (VAD)
 - Voice and silence/noise are discriminated
 - Silence or ambient noise is characterized and a descriptor is sent
 - Next silence frames are not sent
 - Voice quality must be favored
 - WB Portability
 - VAD is built in main WB CODECs
 - Noise characterization must be adjusted to WB situation
- ❑ Comfort Noise Generation (CNG)
 - Comfort noise is generated when receiving SID or silence frame
 - Noise generation must be adjusted to WB situation

NB Embedded Diagnostic tools

- ❑ Necessary in development & integration phases
 - Based on real word captured signals from the field experience
 - Easy to analyze in simulation mode
- ❑ QoS monitoring and troubleshooting
 - Non intrusive
 - for customer System management and statistics
 - Problems anticipation
 - In both directions (TDM <=> IP)
 - Signal metrics captures during each call
 - Signal level
 - Noise level
 - Echo(es) Return loss
 - Echo(es) Delay
 - ...

NB Embedded Diagnostic tools (cont'd)

☐ QoS monitoring and troubleshooting

➤ Intrusive

- Provide probes for all signal processing modules inputs/outputs
 - TDM signal in/out analysis
 - Codecs tests vectors play out for real word verification
- Signal processing modules parameters History
 - Echo Canceller coefficients
 - Pre/post processing signal
 - Impulse response
 - ...

Conclusion

☐ WB foreseen enhancements

- Acoustic Control
- Noise Control
- ALC
- NB/WB Interoperability
- Enhancement complexity
 - Do we need centralized Signal processing functions in the network (G.160?)

☐ QoS monitoring and troubleshooting adaptation

- Non Intrusive Signal & Network metrics
- Intrusive same as for NB



World Class Standards



□ THANK YOU

Abdelkrim MOULEHIAWY : Alcatel-Lucent
<mailto:abdelkrim.moulehrawy@alcatel-lucent.fr>
32, Av. Kleber
92707 Colombes
Tel : +33 1 55 66 54 08

Workshop on Speech and Noise in Wideband Communication - May 2007

21